Fluoropolymer Tubing Variations

TL/TIL/TLM/TILM/TH/TIH/TD/TID Series



KQ2

KOB2

KM

KF

M

H/DL

L/LL

KC

KK

KK130

DM

KDM

KB

KR

High Purity Fluoropolymer Tubing TL/TIL Series (Material Super PFA

It is suitable for applications which require a highly smooth

internal surface and small amount of elution of fluorine ions. * It has heat and chemical resistance equivalent to PFA.

Flame resistant (Equivalent to UL-94 Standard V-0)

Compatible with the Food Sanitation Law

Compatible with the test conforming to the Food Sanitation Law based on the 370th notice given by the Ministry of Health and Welfare in 1959.
Complies with FDA (Food and Drug Administration) §177.1550



Fluoropolymer Tubing (PFA)

TLM/TILM Series

Material PFA

The material consists of a good chemical resistant fluoropolymer. This also has good heat resistance, and it is suitable for a wide range of applications.

Flame resistant (Equivalent to UL-94 Standard V-0) Compatible with the Food

Sanitation Law

· Compatible with the test conforming to the Food Sanitation Law based on the 370th notice given by the Ministry of Health and Welfare in 1959

· Complies with FDA (Food and Drug Administration) 8177 1550 dissolution test



FEP Tubing (Fluoropolymer) TH/TIH Series

Material = = P

This has better resistance in chemical environments. Flame resistant (Equivalent to UL-94 Standard V-0) Compatible with the Food Sanitation Law

. Compatible with the test conforming to the Food Sanitation Law based on the 370th notice given by the Ministry of Health and Welfare in 1959.

· Complies with FDA (Food and Drug Administration) §177.1550 dissolution test.



Soft Fluoropolymer Tubing TD/TID Series (Material Modified PTFE

Flexibility improved by approx. 20%

(Compared with SMC TL/TIL Series) Suitable for applications which require flexibility.

Flame resistant (Equivalent to UL-94 Standard V-0) Compatible with the Food Sanitation Law

 Compatible with the test conforming to the Food Sanitation Law based on the 370th

notice given by the Ministry of Health and Welfare in 1959.

 Complies with FDA (Food and Drug Administration) §177.1550 dissolution test.

טווי,טו	Series	IVIa	unie
		al la	 000/

P.509

KA KOG2

KG

KFG2 MS

KKA KΡ

LO

MOR

IDK

	Serie	es	TL/TIL	TLM/TILM	TH/TIH	TD/TID	
Materia	al		Super PFA	PFA	FEP	Modified PTFE	
Chemical resistance		ınce	0	0	0	0	
Heat re	esistance		260°C	260°C	200°C	260°C	
Flexibil	lity		Δ	Δ	Δ	0	
Ion elution			0	0	0	0	
Internal smoothness		ness	0	Δ	0	0	
Fluid			Chemicals, Deionized water	Chemicals, Deionized water	Air, Water, Inert gas		
Tubing	0.0	Metric	ø4 to ø19	ø2 to ø25	ø4 to ø12	ø4 to ø12	
rubing	O.D.	Inch	1/8" to 1"	1/8" to 1 1/4"	1/8" to 3/4"	1/8" to 1/2"	
Color			Translucent	Translucent, Red, Blue, Black	Translucent, Red, Blue, Black	Translucent	
es es	One-touc	h fittings	KQ2, KQG2, KQB2, KP, KP□	KQ2, KQG2, KQB2, KP, KP□	KQ2, KQG2, KQB2, KP, KP□	_	
cable	Miniature	fittings	M, MS (Hose nipple type)	M, MS (Hose nipple type)	M, MS (Hose nipple type)	M, MS (Hose nipple type)	
Applicable fitting series	Insert fitti	ings	KF, KFG2	KF, KFG2	KF, KFG2	KF, KFG2	
₹	Fluoropo	lymer fittings	LQ series	LQ series	LQ series	LQ series	

○: Very good ○: Good △: Moderate

The comparison table shown above was prepared based on a relative comparison taking the characteristics of each fluoropolymer tubing into consideration.





High Purity Fluoropolymer Tubing TL/TIL Series

Material: Super PFA

Flame resistant (Equivalent to UL-94 Standard V-0) Compatible with the Food Sanitation Law

- Compatible with the test conforming to the Food Sanitation Law based on the 370th notice given
- by the Ministry of Health and Welfare in 1959. . Complies with FDA (Food and Drug Administration) §177.1550 dissolution test.

Inch sizes (TIL series) Metric sizes (TL series) Tubing model TL0403 TL0604 TL0806 TL1008 TL1210 TL1916 TIL01 TILB01 TIL05 TIL07 TIL11 TIL13 TIL19 Nominal diameter 1/8" 1/8" 3/16' 3/8" 1/2" 3/4" **Tubing size** Ø4 x Ø3 Ø6 x Ø4 Ø8 x Ø6 Ø10 x Ø8 Ø12 x Ø10 Ø19 x Ø16 1/8" x 0.086" 1/8" x 1/16" 3/16" x 1/8" 1/4" x 5/32" 3/8" x 1/4" 1/2" x 3/8" 3/4" x 5/8" 1" x 7/8' OΠ Basic diamete 8 10 12 19 3.18 3.18 4.75 6.35 9.53 12.7 19.05 25.4 (mm) Tolerance ±0.1 Thickness Basic diameter 0.5 1.5 0.5 0.8 0.8 1 2 1.6 ±0.05 ±0.15 ±0.15 (mm) Tolerance ±0.05 ±0.08 ±0.08 ±0.12 ±0.1 10 m 20 m 50 m • • Bundle 100 m 16 m (50 ft) 33 m (100 ft) Straight pipe 2 m Color Translucent (color of material) Applicable fluid Refer to the applicable fluid in page 511. Fluoropolymer Fittings LQ series: One-touch fittings KQ2, KQB2, KQB2, Clean One-touch fittings KP, KP□ Applicable fittings Insert fittings KF, KFG2, Miniature fittings M, MS (Hose nipple type) 20°C or less 1.0 1 0 1 0 0.9 0.7 0.6 10 1.0 10 10 1.0 1.0 0.7 0.5 operating 100°C 0.45 0.64 0.43 0.33 0.27 0.24 0.59 0.92 0.62 0.73 0.62 0.43 0.26 0.19 pressure 200°C 0.21 0.29 0.20 0.15 0.12 0.11 0.27 0.42 0.28 0.34 0.28 0.20 0.12 0.09 (MPa) 260°C 0.09 0.12 0.08 0.06 0.05 0.05 0.11 0.17 0.12 0 14 0.12 0.08 0.05 0.04 Burst pressure (MPa at 20°C 4.9 6.9 4.7 3.6 29 2.6 6.4 9 9 6.7 7.9 6.7 4.6 28 2.0 Min. bending Recommended radiu 35 35 60 100 130 10 25 35 60 95 220 400 220 radius (mm) Tube close bend radius 20 20 40 65 110 160 12 6 60 160 290 -65 to 260°C Operating temperature (fixed usage

Note 1) When using the product at a temperature other than those shown in the table above, use it at a maximum operating pressure or less that is calculated from the following formula. (Max. operating pressure) = 1/4 x (burst pressure drop coefficient) x (burst pressure at 20°C).

Note 2) When using a fluid in liquid form, the surge pressure must be no more than the maximum operating pressure. A surge pressure higher than the maximum operating pressure can cause breakage of the fitting or bursting of the tubing. Furthermore, abnormal temperature rise caused by addiabatic compression may result in the tube bursting.

Note 3) Do not use this flooduct in a maximum operating pressure between the tubing and fitting. A material change over a long duration or due to high-temperature may cause teakage. Perform periodic maintenance and replace with a new product immediately when abnormalities are detected. (Pieter to Maintenance' of the thorp precautions or jugge 5/4), appear 15 of 17. When using the fluorophyrer fittings, refer to the precaudiors on pages 4/5 and 46.

Note 4) or other precaudiors or large 5/4, appear 15 of 17. When using the fluorophyrer fittings, refer to the precaudiors or pages 4/5 and 46.

Note 4) or other precaudiors or pages 4/5 and 46.

Note 4) or other precaudiors or pages 4/5 and 46.

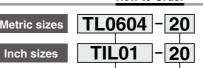
Note 4) or other precaudiors or pages 4/5 and 46.

Note 4) or other precaudiors of the value when 2/6 is measured by the method in the right figure if the tube is bent or flattened, else or the tube does bent databate to the scale of the databate of the value when 2/6 is measured by the method in the right figure if the tube is bent or flattened, else or the tube does bent databate and make sure that the tube is not be the table to the bent but be and the tube is not bent that the tube is not be the table to the bent to the bent the tube is not be pressured. shown above does not apply to the straight pipe (2 m)

Note 5) As for other commercial items, there are some cases it is not able to connect due to tolerance of dimensions. Note 6) Fluid varies depending on the applicable fittings.

Material

How to Order



Tubing Model

Super PFA

Length Applicable to both metric and inch size

How to measure the minimum bending radius At a temperature of 20°C, bend the tubing into a U shape. Fix one end and gradually move the other end closer. Measure 2R at the point where the outside diameter's rate of

change is 5%.

Symbol	Type	Length
10	•	10 m
20	Roll	20 m
50 100	HUII	50 m
		100 m
2S	Straight	2 m

Length Applicable to inch size only

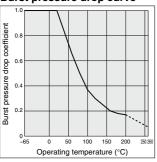
		· · · · · ,
Symbol	Type	Length
16	Dall	16 m (50 ft)
33	Roll	33 m (100 ft)

Please refer to the "Series and Specifications" above, as the tubing length differs depending on each size

Note 7) Figures shown in tables are representative values, not guaranteed values

Burst pressure drop curve

Series and Specifications



Eluting fluorine ion amount Note 7) Type Fluorine ion Eluting amount 0.1 or less

A 15 g piece of fluororesin tubing is cut off, washed in DI water (puer water) and immersed in 15 mL of 25% methyl alcohol extract at room temperature for 24 hours. Then the extract is diluted with DI water (puer water) to be subjected to a quantitative analysis of fluorine ions

Eluting metal ion amount Note 7) (ng/cm²)										
Type	Al	Fe	Ni	Na	Ca					
Eluting amount	4.5	0.3	0.2	7.1	1.3					

The interior of the fluororesin tubing is washed with super deionized water Approximately 20 g of super high purity hydrofluoric acid (48%) is measured and injected into the tubing. The interior wall of the tubing is immersed at normal temperature for one week with both ends of the tubing plugged. Then the extract was diluted with super delonized water to be subjected to a quantitative analysis on AI, Fe, Ni, Na and Ca by the stripping method.



Fluoropolymer Tubing (PFA)

TLM/TILM Series

(RoHS)

KQ2 KQB2

ΚM

KF

M

H/DL

L/LL

KC KK

KK130 DM

KDM

KB

KR

KA KOG2

Max. operating temperature: 260°c

22 size variations

Metric size

Ø2 to Ø25 (13 sizes)

Length per roll 10 m, 20 m, 50 m, 100 m

Straight

Inch size

1/8" to 1 1/4" (9 sizes)

Length per roll 10 m, 20 m, 50 m, 100 m 16 m (50 ft), 33 m (100 ft)

Straight

color variations

Translucent Black (Opaque) Blue (Translucent) Red (Translucent) **Applications**

Photovoltaic LCD HDD cell manufacturing manufacturing manufacturing

Medical

Compatible with **Food Sanitation Law**

· Compatible with the test conforming to Japan's Food Sanitation Law based on the 370th notice given by the Ministry of Health and Welfare in 1959.

· Complies with FDA (Food and Drug Administration) §177.1550 dissolution test.

Food

KG KFG2

MS

KKA

KΡ LO

MQR



Fluoropolymer Tubing (PFA)

Metric Size

TLM Series

Flame resistant (Equivalent to UL-94 Standard V-0) Compatible with the Food Sanitation Law

- . Compatible with the test conforming to the Food Sanitation Law based on the 370th notice given by the Ministry of Health and Welfare in 1959.
- . Complies with FDA (Food and Drug Administration) §177.1550 dissolution test.

Serie																
	Si	ze								Metric size						
	Mo	del		TLM0201	TLM0302	TLM0425	TLM0403	TLM0604	TLM0806	TLM1075	TLM1008	TLM1209	TLM1210	TLM1613	TLM1916	TLM2522
	Tubin	g size		ø2 x ø1	ø3 x ø2	ø4 x ø2.5	ø4 x ø3	ø6 x ø4	ø8 x ø6	ø10 x ø7.5	ø10 x ø8	ø12 x ø9	ø12 x ø10	ø16 x ø13	ø19 x ø16	ø25 x ø22
	O.D.	(mm)		2	3	4	4	6	8	10	10	12	12	16	19	25
	I.D.	(mm)		1	2	2.5	3	4	6	7.5	8	9	10	13	16	22
Length	per roll	Color	Symbol	i I												
Ť	10 m	Translucent	N							•	•	•	•	•	•	
	- 1	Translucent	N	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
	20 m	Red (Translucent)	R	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Roll	20 m	Blue (Translucent)	BU	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
		Black (Opaque)		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
	50 m	Translucent	N	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
	100 m	Translucent	N	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
Straight	2 m	Translucent	N	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•

Inch O.D. size Inch O.D. size 5/16

O.D. 3.2 mm is available in ø 1/8 inch (3.18 mm) tubing. For details, refer to the table "Series" on page 505.

Specifications

Sarias

opeomoutions														
Fluid Note 1) 2) 3) and applicable fittings Note 1) 2) 3)		Fluid: Re	efer to "Ap	plicable FI	uid List" o	n page 512	Fitting:	s: Fluorop	olymer fitti	ngs LQ se	ries			
		Fluid: Ai	Fluid: Air, Water, Inert gas Fittings: One-touch fittings KQ2, KQB2, KQB2, Clean One-touch fittings KP, KP□											
			Insert fittings KF, KFG2, Miniature fittings M, MS (Hose nipple type)											
Max. operating	pressure (MPa)	Refer to the max. operating pressure curve.												
Min. bending	Recommended radius	10	20	20	35	35	60	95	100	100	130	160	220	400
radius (mm) Note 4)	Tube close bend radius	7	15	15	20	20	40	60	65	65	110	130	160	290
Operating temper	rature (fixed usage)		Air, Inert gas: -65 to 260°C Water: 0 to 100°C (No freezing)											
Material	PFA (Tetrafluoroethylene perfluoroalkoxy vinyl ether copolymer)													

Note 1) Fluid varies depending on the applicable fittings.

Note 2) When using a liquid fluid, the surge pressure must not exceed the maximum operating pressure. If the surge pressure exceeds the maximum operating pressure, it will result in damage to fittings and tubes. Furthermore, abnormal temperature rise caused by adiabatic compression may result in the tube bursting.

Note 3) Do not use this product in a manner in which the tube is not fixed. Observe the lesser value of the maximum operating pressure between the tubing and fitting. A material change over a long duration or due to high-temperature may cause leakage. Perform periodic maintenance and replace with a new product immediately when abnormalities are detected. (Refer to "Maintenance" of the tubing precautions on page 514.)

For other precautions, refer to "Fittings & Tubing Precautions" on pages 13 to 17. When using the fluoropolymer fittings, refer to the precautions on pages 445 and 446.

Note 4) Minimum bending radius is measured as shown left as representative values.

**Use a tube above the recommended minimum bending radius.

- Use a tube above the recommended minimum bending radius.
 The tube may be bent if used under the recommended minimum bending radius. Therefore, refer to the tube close bend radius and make sure that the tube is not bent or flattened.
- Please note that the tube close bend radius is not warranted because of the value when 2R is measured by the method

in the right figure if the tube is bent or flattened, etc.

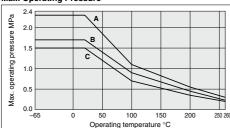
• The minimum bending radius shown above does not apply to the straight pipe (2 m).

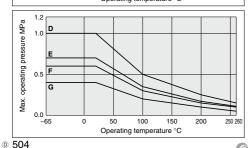
How to measure the minimum bending radius



At a temperature of 20°C, bend the tubing into a U shape. Fix one end and gradually move the other end closer. Measure 2R at the point where the outside diameter's rate of change is 5%.

Max. Operating Pressure





Group	Model	Ma	ax. operating	pressure (MF	a)	
Group	iviouei	20°C or less	100°C	200°C	260°C	
Α	TLM0201	2.3	1.1	0.55	0.3	
В	TLM0425	1.7	0.9	0.45	0.23	
С	TLM0302	4.5	0.7	0.05	0.2	
	TLM0604	1.5	0.7	0.35	0.2	
	TLM0403					
D	TLM0806		0.5	0.25	0.15	
0	TLM1075	1 1				
	TLM1209					
Е	TLM1008	0.7	0.05	0.17	0.11	
=	TLM1613	0.7	0.35	0.17	0.11	
F	TLM1210	0.0	0.0	0.45	0.1	
"	TLM1916	0.6	0.3	0.15	0.1	
G	TLM2522	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.05	

How to Order

Metric size .M0425 N - 20

Color indication

Tubing 4 designation

	Color maioations
Symbol	Color
N	Translucent (Material color)
R	Red (Translucent)
BU	Blue (Translucent)
В	Black (Opaque)

L	en	gth	per	roll	

Type	Length										
	10 m										
D-11	20 m										
Holl	50 m										
	100 m										
Straight	2 m										
	Roll										

Note) Refer to the table "Series" above, as the tubing length differs depending on each size.



Fluoropolymer Tubing (PFA)

Inch Size TILM Series

Flame resistant (Equivalent to UL-94 Standard V-0) Compatible with the Food Sanitation Law

- . Compatible with the test conforming to the Food Sanitation Law based on the 370th notice given by the Ministry of Health and Welfare in 1959.
- . Complies with FDA (Food and Drug Administration) §177.1550 dissolution test

<u> </u>											
	Si	ze					Inch size				
	Mo	idel	TILM01	TILMB01	TILM05	TILM07	TILM11	TILM13	TILM19	TILM25	TILM32
	Tubin	g size	1/8" x 0.086"	1/8" x 1/16"	3/16" x 1/8"	1/4" x 5/32"	3/8" x 1/4"	1/2" x 3/8"	3/4" x 5/8"	1" x 7/8"	11/4" x 11/10"
	D.D.	inch	1/8"	1/8"	3/16"	1/4"	3/8"	1/2"	3/4"	1"	11/4"
١,	J.D.	mm	3.18		4.75	6.35	9.53	12.7	19.05	25.4	31.75
I.D.		inch	0.086"	1/16"	1/8"	5/32"	1/4"	3/8"	5/8"	7/8"	1 1/10"
		mm	2.18	1.58	3.15	3.95	6.33	9.5	15.85	22.2	27.95
Lengt	n per roll	Color Symbo	1								
	10 m	Translucent N	i .	i '		· ·	•	•	•	•	
		Translucent N	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
		Red (Translucent) R	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
	20 m	Blue (Translucent) BU	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Roll		Black (Opaque) B	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
	50 m	Translucent N	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•
		Translucent N	•		•	•	•	•	•		
	16 m (50 ft)	Translucent N	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
	33 m (100 ft)	Translucent N	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Straight	2 m	Translucent N	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•
			Metric	O.D. size]		O.D. 5/	32" is available	in ø4 metric tubi	ng, and O.D. 5/	/16" is available

Specifications

Series

Specificat	10113												
Fluid Note 1) 2) 3) a		Fluid: Refer t	Fluid: Refer to "Applicable Fluid List" on page 512. Fittings: Fluoropolymer fittings LQ series										
applicable fittin		Fluid: Air, Water, Inert gas Fittings: One-touch fittings KQ2, KQG2, KQB2, Insert fittings KFG2											
Max. operating	pressure (MPa)		Refer to the max. operating pressure curve.										
	Recommended radius	20	10	25	35	60	95	220	400	500			
radius (mm) Note 4)	Tube close bend radius	12	6	20	20	30	60	160	290	360			
Operating tempera	ture (fixed usage)	Air, Inert gas: -65 to 260°C Water: 0 to 100°C (No freezing)											
Material				PFA (Tetra	afluoroethylene	perfluoroalko	y vinyl ether c	opolymer)					

Note 1) Fluid varies depending on the applicable fittings.

Note 2) When using a liquid fluid, the surge pressure must not exceed the maximum operating pressure. If the surge pressure exceeds the maximum operating pressure, it will result in damage to fittings and tubes. Furthermore, abnormal temperature rise caused by adiabatic compression may result in the tube bursting.

temperature rise caused by adiabatic compression may result in the tube bursting.

Note 3) Do not use this product in a manner in which the tube is not fixed. Observe the lesser value of the maximum operating pressure between the tube and fitting. A material change over a long duration or due to high-temperature may cause leakage. Perform periodic maintenance and replace with a new product immediately when abnormalities are detected. (Refer to "Maintenance" of the tubing precautions on page 514.)

For other precautions, refer to "Ettings & Tubing Precautions" on pages 13 to 17. When using the fluoropolymer fittings, refer to the precautions on pages 445 and 446.

Note 4) Minimum banding refulies is measured as shown left as representative values.

- Note 4) Minimum bending radius is measured as shown left as representative values.

 Use a tube above the recommended minimum bending radius.

 The tube may be bent if used under the recommended minimum bending radius. Therefore, refer to the tube close bend radius and make sure that the tube is not bent or flattened.

 • Please note that the tube close bend radius is not warranted because of the value when 2R is measured by the method
 - in the right figure if the tube is bent or flattened, etc.

The minimum bending radius shown above does not apply to the straight pipe (2 m).

32

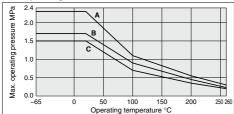
How to measure the minimum bending radius

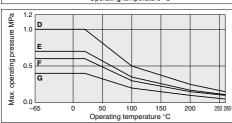


in ø8 metric tubing. For details, refer to the table "Series" on page 504.

At a temperature of 20°C, hend the at a temperature of 20 G, berto the tubing into a U shape. Fix one end and gradually move the other end closer. Measure 2R at the point where the outside diameter's rate of change is 5%.

Max. Operating Pressure





Group	Model	Ma	Max. operating pressure (MPa)										
Gloup	IVIOGEI	20°C or less	100°C	200°C	260°C								
Α	TILMB01	2.3	1.1	0.55	0.3								
В	TILM07	1.7	0.9	0.45	0.23								
С	TILM05	1.5	0.7	0.35	0.2								
٦	TILM11	1.5	0.7	0.35	0.2								
D	TILM01		0.5	0.05	0.45								
٠,	TILM13	'	0.5	0.25	0.15								
F	TILM19	0.6	0.3	0.15	0.1								
G	TILM25	0.4	0.0	0.1	0.05								
G	TILM32	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.05								

How to Order

Inch size TILM01

Tubing • designation

C	color indication
Symbol	Color
N	Translucent (Material color)
R	Red (Translucent)
BU	Blue (Translucent)
B	Black (Opague)

Length	per	roll	

	po o						
Symbol	Type	Length					
10		10 m					
20		20 m					
50	Boll	50 m					
100	Holi	100 m					
16		16 m (50 ft)					
33		33 m (100 ft)					
2S	Straight	2 m					

Note) Refer to the table "Series" above, as the tubing length differs depending on each size.

KQ2 KQB2

KM

L/LL

KC

KK

KK130

DM

KDM

KB

KR

KA

KQG2 KG

KFG2

MS

KKA KΡ

L₀

MOR

FEP Tubing (Fluoropolymer) Metric Size

TH Series





Operating Temperature: Max. 200°C It varies depending on the operating pressure. Refer to the graph for the maximum operating pressure.

Compatible with the Food Sanitation Law

- Compatible with the test conforming to the Food Sanitation Law based on the 370th notice given by the Ministry of Health and Welfare in 1959.
- Complies with FDA (Food and Drug Administration) §177.1550 dissolution test.

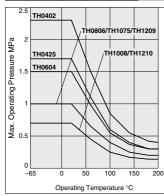
Flame Resistant (Equivalent to UL-94 Standard V-0)

How to measure the minimum bending radius.



At a temperature of 20°C, bend the tubing into a U shape. Fix one end and gradually move the other end closer. Measure 2R at the point where the outside diameter's rate of change is 5%.

Max. Operating Pressure



Note) The maximum operating pressure varies dependant on the I.D. bore size even if the O.D. is the same.

						●-20 m	roll □-1	00 m roll							
		Metric size													
	TH0402	TH0425	TH0604	TH0806	TH1075	TH1008	TH1209	TH1210							
Tubing O.D. (mm)		4	6	8	10	10	12	12							
Tubing I.D. (mm)		2.5	4	6	7.5	8	9	10							
Symbol	1														
N		— ♦		─ •	- •		─ •	- • -							
R	$-\overline{ullet}$	-	——	——	- -	-	-	-							
BU				——				——							
В				——				——							
.+!	5/:		In	ch nominal s	ize										
atior	is														
	Symbol N R BU B	(mm) 4 (mm) 2 Symbol N R BU B	(mm) 4 4 4 (mm) 2 2.5 Symbol N R BU B Inch nominal size 5/32"	(mm) 4 4 6 6 (mm) 2 2.5 4 Symbol N R BU B Inch nominal size 5/32"	TH0402 TH0425 TH0604 TH0806 (mm) 4 4 6 8 8	TH0402 TH0425 TH0604 TH0806 TH1075 T	Metric size	TH0402 TH0425 TH0604 TH0806 TH1075 TH1008 TH1209							

opeciii	catioi	13												
Fluid		Air, Water Note 1), Inert gas												
Applicab fittings	Flu	One-touch fittings, Insert fittings Fluoropolymer fittings: LQ series Note 3) Miniature fittings: M, MS series (Hose nipple type)												
	20°C or less	2.	3 1	.7	1.5	1			0.7		1	0.	7	
Max. operating	ng 100°C	0.8	35 0	.6 0	.55	0.4			0.25	5 ().4	0.2	25	
pressure (MF	°a) 200°C	0.	4 0	.3 (0.3	0.2			0.1	().2	0.	.1	
		Refer to the max. operating pressure curve.												
Min. bending radius	Recommended radius	15	5 2	.0	35	60)	95	5	10		00		30
(manual Note 4)	Tube close bend adius	10	0 1	5	20	40)	60		65		110		0
Operating temperat	ure (fixed usage)	usage Air, Inert gas: -65 to 200°C Water: 0 to 100°C (No freezing)												
Material		FEP (Fluorinated Ethylene Propylene Resin)												
		•												

Note 1) When using a fluid in liquid form, the surge pressure must not exceed the maximum operating pressure. A surge pressure higher than the maximum operating pressure can cause breakage of the fittings, or rupture of the tubing. Furthermore, an abnormal temperature increase due to adiabatic compression can also result in ruptured tubing. Note 2) Do not use in locations where the FEP tubing will move.

Be sure to operate under the maximum operating pressure conditions using the lower maximum operating specification of either the tubing or fittings.

After long term use or under high temperatures, some fittings leakage may occur due to material deterioration with age. Perform periodic inspections, and if any leakage is detected, replace with a new product immediately. When the insert and miniature fittings are used over extended periods of time, it may cause leakage due to the material deterioration of age. In such a case, give an additional tightening to the tube connection part. If leakage still occurs after giving an additional tightening, replace the fitting with a new product. For other precautions, refer to "Fittings & Tubing Precautions". When using the fluoropolymer fittings, refer to the precautions on pages 445 and 446. Select the size after confirming O.D. and I.D.

Note 3) TH0402, TH0425, TH1075 and TH1209 are not available because of different internal diameters.

Note 4) The minimum bending radius is the representative value measured as shown in the left figure.

Metric size

- Use a tube above the recommended minimum bending radius.
 - The tubing may be bent if used under the recommended minimum bending radius. Therefore, refer to the tube close bend radius and make sure that the tubing is not bent or flattened.
 - Please note that the tube close bend radius is not warranted because of the value when 2R is measured by the
 method in the left figure if the tubing is bent or flattened, etc.

How to Order

TH0604 N-2

Indication of tubing model Color indication

	Color indication •
Symbol	Color
N	Translucent (Material color)
R	Red (Translucent)
BU	Blue (Translucent)
В	Black (Opaque)

Length per roll

| Symbol | Roll size | 20 | 20 m roll | 100 Note | 100 m roll |

Note) 100 m roll is available with translucent (color indication: N) only.



Made to Order

(Please contact SMC for specifications in detail, dimensions, delivery and specifications other than those mentioned above.)

Reinforced corrugated cardboard specification longer length reel

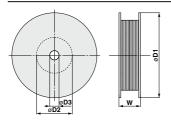
ø6, Translucent only: Suffix "-X64" to the end of part number. Ex.) TH0604N-500-X64

Made to Order Availability

Part no.	Length Model	TH0604N	Color
X64	250 m reel	0	Translucent
704	500 m reel	0	i i ai isiuceili

Reinforced corrugated cardboard specification: Longer length reel/-X64

Dimensions



Dimensions												
Model	ø D1	ø D2	ø D3	w	Weight (kg)							
TH0604N-250-X64	475	200	52	120	9.4							
TH0604N-500-X64	475	200	52	220	18.5							

KQ2

KQB2

KS KX KM

KF

M H/DL L/LL

KC

KK

KK130 DM

KDM

KB

KR KA

KQG2 KG

KFG2

MS

KKA KΡ

LQ MQR

FEP Tubing (Fluoropolymer) Inch Size TIH Series





Operating Temperature: Max. 200°C

It varies depending on the operating pressure. Refer to the graph for the maximum operating pressure.

Compatible with the Food Sanitation Law

- Compatible with the test conforming to the Food Sanitation Law based on the 370th notice given by the Ministry of Health and Welfare in 1959.
- Complies with FDA (Food and Drug Administration) §177.1550 dissolution test.

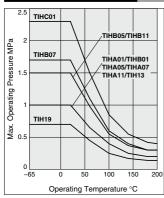
Flame Resistant (Equivalent to UL-94 Standard V-0)

How to measure the minimum bending radius.



At a temperature of 20°C, bend the tubing into a U shape. Fix one end and gradually move the other end closer. Measure 2R at the point where the outside diameter's rate of change is 5%.

Max. Operating Pressure



Note) The maximum operating pressure varies dependant on the I.D. bore size even if the O.D. is the same.

Series

							•	. (00	,	_ 00	(. 0 0	,
						Ir	nch siz	e.				
Model		TIHA01	TIHB01	TIHC01	TIHA05	TIHB05	TIHA07	TIHB07	TIHA11	TIHB11	TIH13	TIH19
Tubing O.D.	inch		1/8"		3/16"		1/4"		3/8"		1/2"	3/4"
rubing O.D.	mm		3.18		4.	75	6.35		9.	53	12.7	19.05
Tubing I.D.	inch	0.093"	0.086"	0.065"	0.065" 0.137"		0.18"	0.156" (5/32")	0.275"	0.25" (1/4")	0.374" (3/8")	0.624 (5/8")
	mm	2.36	2.18	1.65	3.48	3.15	4.57	3.95	6.99	6.33	9.5	15.85
Color	Symbol	1										
Translucent	N	H										
Red (Translucent)	R	⊢ ∓	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- ▼
Blue (Translucent)	BU	┝┿╌	-∳-	-∳-	-∳-	-∳-	-∳-	-∳-	-♦-	•	-∳-	-♦-
Black (Opaque)	В	├	-♦-	-♦-	-♦-	-♦-	-♦-	-♦-	-♦-	-♦-	-♦-	•
		' [ſ	ſ	ſ				Ī	ſ	ſ	I

Specifications

		_			_													
Fluid			Air, Water Note 1), Inert gas															
Applicable 1	fittin	gs Note 2)	One-	One-touch fittings, Insert fittings, Fluoropolymer fittings: LQ series Note 3)														
		20°C or less		1		2.3	1	1.	5	1	1	.7	1	1.	.5	1	().7
Max. operating		100°C		0.4		.85	0.4	0.5	55	0.4	0	.6	0.4	0.	55	0.4	0	.25
	Pa)	200°C	0	0.2).4	0.2	0.	3	0.2	0	.3	0.2	0.	.3	0.2	2 ().1
			Refer to the max. operating pressure curve.															
Min. bending radius	Reco	mmended s	25	20) .	10	35	2	5	55	3	5	85	6	0	95	2	20
(mm) Note 4) Tube		close bend	20	12	2	7	25	2	0	35	2	0	55	3	0	60	1	60
Operating temperature (fixed usage)			Air, Inert gas: -65 to 200°C Water: 0 to 100°C (No freezing)															
Material FEP (Fluorinated Ethylene Propylene Resin)																		

Note 1) When using a fluid in liquid form, the surge pressure must not exceed the maximum operating pressure. A surge pressure higher than the maximum operating pressure can cause breakage of the fittings, or rupture of the tubing. Furthermore, an abnormal temperature increase due to adiabatic compression can also result in ruptured tubing. Note 2) Do not use in locations where the FEP tubing will move.

Be sure to operate under the maximum operating pressure conditions using the lower maximum operating specification of either the tubing or fittings.

After long term use or under high temperatures, some fittings leakage may occur due to material deterioration with age. Perform periodic inspections, and if any leakage is detected, replace with a new product immediately. When the insert and miniature fittings are used over extended periods of time, it may cause leakage due to the material deterioration of age. In such a case, give an additional tightening to the tube connection part. If leakage still occurs after giving an additional tightening, replace the fitting with a new product. For other precautions, refer to "Fittings & Tubing Precautions". When using the fluoropolymer fittings, refer to the precautions on pages 445 and 446. Select the size after confirming O.D. and I.D.

Note 3) TIHA01, TIHC01, TIHA05, TIHA07 and TIHA11 are not available because of different internal diameters.

Note 4) The minimum bending radius is the representative value measured as shown in the left figure.

- Use a tube above the recommended minimum bending radius.
- The tubing may be bent if used under the recommended minimum bending radius. Therefore, refer to the tube close bend radius and make sure that the tubing is not bent or flattened.
- Please note that the tube close bend radius is not warranted because of the value when 2R is measured by the
 method in the left figure if the tubing is bent or flattened, etc.

How to Order



Indication of tubing model Color indication

Color illulcation				
Symbol	Color			
N	Translucent (Material color)			
R	Red (Translucent)			
BU	Blue (Translucent)			
В	Black (Opaque)			

Length per roll

Symbol	Roll size		
16	16 m (50 ft) roll		
33 Note)	33 m (100 ft) roll		

Note) 33 m(100 ft) roll is available with translucent (color indication: N) only.

Soft Fluoropolymer Tubing Metric Size

TD Series





Flexibility: Improved by approx. 20%

* SMC comparison (Fluoropolymer tubing, TL/TIL series)

Compatible with the Food Sanitation Law

- Compatible with the test conforming to the Food Sanitation Law based on the 370th notice given by the Ministry of Health and Welfare in 1959.
- Complies with FDA (Food and Drug Administration) §177.1550 dissolution test.

Operating Temperature: Max. 260°C

It varies depending on the operating pressure. Refer to the graph for the maximum operating pressure.

Flame Resistant (Equivalent to UL-94 Standard V-0)

How to measure the minimum bending radius



Bend the tubing into the U-form at a temperature of 20°C. Fix one end and close loop gradually. Measure 2R when the deformed ratio of the tubing diameter at bending reaches 5%.

Model/Specifications

Size)	Metric size				
Model		TD0425	TD0604	TD0806	TD1075	TD1209
Tubing O.D.	(mm)	4	6	8	10	12
Tubing I.D. (mm)		2.5	4	6	7.5	9
Roll 10 m		•	•	•	•	•
noii	20 m	•	•	•	•	•
Color		Translucent (material color)				
Applicable fl	uid	Refer to the applicable fluid in page 511.			1.	
Fluid Note 1)			Air, Wa	ater ^{Note 1)} , In	ert gas	
Applicable fit	tings Note 2)	Insert fittings KF series Stainless Steel 316 insert fittings KFG2 series Miniature fittings M, MS series (Hose nipple type) Fluoropolymer fitting LQ series				
	20°C or less	1.6	1.4	0.9	0.9	0.9
Max. operating	Max. operating 100°C		0.7	0.5	0.5	0.5
pressure (MPa)	200°C	0.45	0.35	0.25	0.25	0.25
	260°C		0.2	0.15	0.15	0.15
Min. bending	Recommended radius	15	25	45	55	75
radius (mm) Note 3)	Tube close bend radius	8	16	31	35	41
Operating temperatu	re (fixed usage)	Air, Inert gas: -65 to 260°C Water: 0 to 100°C (No freezing)				
Material Modified PTFE (Polytetrafluoroethylene resin)			esin)			

Note 1) When using a liquid fluid, the surge pressure must be under the maximum operating pressure. If the surge pressure exceeds the maximum operating pressure, it will result in damage to fittings and tubing. Furthermore, abnormal temperature rise caused by adiabatic compression may result in the tubing bursting.

Note 2) Do not use this product in a manner in which the tubing is not fixed.

Observe the lesser value of the maximum operating pressure between the tubing and fittings. A material change over a long duration or due to high-temperature may cause leakage. Perform periodic maintenance and replace with a new product immediately when abnormalities are detected.

(Refer to "Maintenance" of the tubing precautions on page 514.)

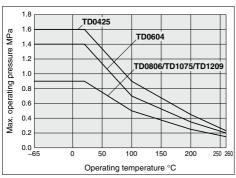
For other precautions, refer to "Fittings & Tubing Precautions" on pages 13 to 17. When using the fluoropolymer fittings, refer to the precautions on pages 445 and 446.

Note 3) The minimum bending radius is the representative value measured as shown in the left figure.

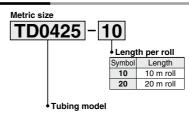
Use a tube above the recommended minimum bending radius.

- The tubing may be bent if used under the recommended minimum bending radius.
 Therefore, refer to the tube close bend radius and make sure that the tubing is not bent or flattened.
- Please note that the tube close bend radius is not warranted because of the value when 2R is measured by the method in the left figure if the tubing is bent or flattened, etc.

Maximum Operating Pressure



How to Order



KQ2

KQB2

KM

KF

H/DL L/LL

KC

KK130

DM KDM

KB KR

KA

KQG2 KG

KFG2

MS

KKA

KP LQ

MQR

IDV

Soft Fluoropolymer Tubing Inch Size

TID Series





Flexibility: Improved by approx. 20%

SMC comparison (Fluoropolymer tubing, TL/TIL series)

Compatible with the Food Sanitation Law

- · Compatible with the test conforming to the Food Sanitation Law based on the 370th notice given by the Ministry of Health and Welfare in 1959
- · Complies with FDA (Food and Drug Administration) §177.1550 dissolution test.

Operating Temperature: Max. 260°C

It varies depending on the operating pressure. Refer to the graph for the maximum operating pressure.

Flame Resistant (Equivalent to UL-94 Standard V-0)

How to measure the minimum bending radius



Bend the tubing into the U-form at a temperature of 20°C. Fix one end and close loop gradually. Measure 2R when the deformed ratio of the tubing diameter at bending reaches 5%.

Model/Specifications

Size				Inch size		
Model						
		TID01	TID05	TID07	TID11	TID13
Tubing O.D.	inch	1/8"	3/16"	1/4"	3/8"	1/2"
rubing O.D.	mm	3.18	4.75	6.35	9.53	12.7
Tubing I.D.	inch	0.086"	0.124" (1/8")	0.156" (5/32")	0.25" (1/4")	0.374" (3/8")
	mm	2.18	3.15	3.95	6.33	9.5
Roll	8 m (25 ft)	•	•	•	•	•
noii	16 m (50 ft)	•	•	•	•	•
Color		Translucent (material color)				
Applicable fl	uid	Refer to the applicable fluid in page 511.		1.		
Fluid Note 1)			Air, Wa	ater ^{Note 1)} , In	ert gas	
Applicable fittings Note 2)		Stainless Steel 316 insert fittings KFG2 series Fluoropolymer fitting LQ series				
	20°C or less	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.4	0.9
Max. operating	100°C	0.7	0.7	0.9	0.7	0.5
pressure (MPa)	200°C	0.35	0.35	0.45	0.35	0.25
	260°C	0.2	0.2	0.23	0.2	0.15
Min. bending radius (mm) Note 3)	Recommended radius	15	20	25	40	75
	Tube close bend radius	9	10	15	23	42
Operating temperatu	re (fixed usage)	Air, Inert ga	s: -65 to 260	0°C Water:	0 to 100°C (I	No freezing)
Material		Modified PTFE (Polytetrafluoroethylene resin)				
Note 1) When region a liquid fluid the arrangement were						

Note 1) When using a liquid fluid, the surge pressure must be under the maximum operating pressure. If the surge pressure exceeds the maximum operating pressure, it will result in damage to fittings and tubing. Furthermore, abnormal temperature rise caused by adiabatic compression may result in the tubing bursting.

Note 2) Do not use this product in a matter in which the tubing is not fixed.

Observe the lesser value of the maximum operating pressure between the tubing and fittings. A material change over a long duration or due to high-temperature may cause leakage. Perform periodic maintenance and replace with a new product immediately when abnormalities are detected

(Refer to "Maintenance" of the tubing precautions on page 514.)
For other precautions, refer to "Fittings & Tubing Precautions" on pages 13 to 17. When using the fluoropolymer fittings, refer to the precautions on pages 445 and 446.

Note 3) The minimum bending radius is the representative value measured as shown in the left figure.

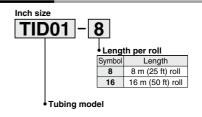
Use a tube above the recommended minimum bending radius.

- The tubing may be bent if used under the recommended minimum bending radius. Therefore, refer to the tube close bend radius and make sure that the tubing is not bent or flattened.
- · Please note that the tube close bend radius is not warranted because of the value when 2R is measured by the method in the left figure if the tubing is bent or flattened, etc.

Maximum Operating Pressure

1.8 TID07 1.6 pressure MPa TID01/TID05/TID11 12 TID13 1.0 operating 0.8 0.6 0.2 0.0 100 200 250 260 Operating temperature °C

How to Order





TL/TIL/TD/TID Series Applicable Fluid List

Chemical resistance of Fluoropolymer Super PFA, modified PTFE material

Chemicals in the list below are chemically inert Note 1) to Super PFA, modified PTFE material. Possible physical effects may occur such as penetration and swelling due to temperature, pressure and chemical concentration. To use Super PFA, modified PTFE tube in a chemical environment, tests should be performed with the same environment to ensure no problem occurs with operating environment.

1,1,1-Trichloroethane	Formic acid	Trichloroethylene
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	Ethyl formate	Trichloroacetic acid
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	Propyl formate	Toluene
1,2-Dichlorobutane	Methyl formate	Naphtha
2,4-Dichlorotoluene	Xylene	Carbon dioxide
2-chloropropane	Glycol	Nitrogen dioxide
2-nitro-2-methylpropane	Glycerine	Nitrobenzene
2-nitrobutanol	Cresol	Nitromethane
Pentabasic benzamide	Chromic acid	Carbon disulfide
Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-22	Chloracetic acid	Piperidine
N-octadecanol	Chlorosulfonic acid	Pyridine
N-butylamine	Chloroform	Pyrogallol
o-chlorotoluene	Paraffinum liquidum	Phenol
Isobutyl adipate	Acetate	Butanol
Acetyl chloride	Amyl acetate	Phthalic acid
Acetophenone	Ethyl acetate	Hydrofluoric acid
Acetone	Potassium	Furan
Aniline	Butvi acetate	Ethyl propionate
Sulfurous acid gas	Propyl acetate	Propyl propionate
Allyl chloride	Methyl acetate	Methylpropionate
Benzoic acid	Salicylic acid	Propylene chloride
Ammonium	Sodium hypochlorite	Bromobenzene
Sulfur	Diisobutyl ketone	Hexachlorethane
Isoamyl alcohol	Diethylamine	Hexane
Isooctane	Carbon tetrachloride	Heptane
Ethanol	Dioxane	Benzyl alcohol
Ethyl ether	Cyclohexanone	Benzaldehyde
•	Cyclonexanone	Benzine
Ethylene glycol Ethylene chloride	Dichloroethylene	Benzoyl chloride
Ethylenediamine	Dichloropropylene	Benzonitrile
Zinc chloride	,	Pentachloroethane
Aluminum chloride	Dibutyl phthalate	Boric acid
	Dimethyl ether	
Ammonium chloride	Dimethylsulfoxide	Sodium boric acid
Calcium chloride	Dimethylformamide	Formaldehyde
Ferrous chloride	Hydrobromic acid	Acetic anhydride
Mercuric chloride	Potassium dichromate	Methanol
Stannous chloride	Bromine	Methyl ether
Ferric chloride	DI water (Pure water)	Methyl ethyl ketone
Cupric chloride	Nitric acid	Methylene chloride
Sodium chloride	Ammonium hydroxide	Ethyl butyrate
Magnesium chloride	Potassium hydroxide	Methyl butyrate
Hydrochloric acid	Sodium hydroxide	Hydrogen sulfide
Chlorine	Soap, detergent	Sulphuric acid
Aqua regia	Diethyl carbonate	Zinc sulfate
Ozone	Sodium carbonate	Ammonium sulfate
Oleic acid	Tetrachloroethane	Ferrous sulfate
Perchlorate	Tetrachloroethylene	Copper sulfate
Hydrogen peroxide	Tetrahydrofuran	Phosphoric acid
Natrium peroxide	Tetrabromoethane	Sodium phosphate
Gasoline	Triethanolamine	
Potassium permanganate	Triethylamine	
N	<u> </u>	

Note 1) "Chemically inert" means - not to cause any chemical reaction.

Note 2) The data above is based on the information presented by the material manufacturers.

Note 3) The applicable fluid list provides reference values as a guide only, therefore we do not guarantee the application to our product.

Note 4) SMC is not responsible for its accuracy and any damage happened because of this data.



KQ2 KQB2

KM KF

H/DL L/LL

DM KDM KB

KQG2 KG KFG2 MS KKA KP LQ

TLM/TILM Series **Applicable Fluid List**

Chemical resistance of Fluoropolymer PFA material

Chemicals in the list below are chemically inert Note 1), to PFA material. Possible physical effects may occur such as penetration and swelling due to temperature, pressure and chemical concentration.

To use PFA tube in a chemical environment, tests should be performed with the same environment to ensure no problem occurs with operating environment.

Acetate	Butyl stearate	Ethylene dicloride	Malic acid	Salicylic acid
Acetic anhydride	Calcium acetate	Ethylene glycol	Mercaptan	Silicate ester
Acetone	Calcium destate Calcium bisulfite	Ethylene oxide	Mercuric chloride	Silicone grease
Acetylene	Calcium chloride	Ethylenediamine	Mercury	Silicone oil
Acrylonitrile	Calcium hydroxide	Fatty acid	Methyl acetate	Silver nitrate
Aluminum acetate	Calcium hypochlorite	Ferric chloride	Methyl alcohol	Sodium bicarbonate
Aluminum nitrate	Calcium nitrate	Ferric nitrate	Methyl chloride	Sodium bisulfate
Aluminum bromide	Calcium sulfide	Ferric sulfate	Methyl ethyl ketone	Sodium bisulfite
Aluminum chloride	Carbon dioxide	Fluorboric acid	Methyl isobutyl ketone	Sodium hypochlorite (5%)
Aluminum fluoride	Carbon disulfide	Fluorobenzene	Methyl methacrylate	Sodium metaphosphate
Aluminum sulfate	Carbonic acid	Fluosilicic acid	Methylene dichloride	Sodium nitrate
Ammonia gas	Castor oil	Formaldehyde	Mineral oil	Sodium perborate
Ammonium carbonate	Caustic soda (30%)	Formic acid	Monochloroacetic acid	Sodium phosphate
Ammonium chloride	Cellosolve	Furfural	Monochlorobenzene	Sodium priospriate Sodium sulfite
	Chlorosulfonic acid	Gasoline	Monoethanolamine	Sodium thiosulfate
Ammonium hydroxide	Chlorotoluene	Gelatine	Naphtha	Soybean oil
Ammonium nitrate Ammonium nitrite	Chromic acid	Glauber's salt	Naphthalene	Stannic chloride
	Citric acid	Glucose	Naphthenic acid	Stannic chloride Stearic acid
Ammonium persulfate			•	
Ammonium phosphate	Coconut oil	Glue	Natrium peroxide	Styrene
Ammonium sulfate	Copper cyanide	Glycerine Grease	Natural gas	Sucrose solution
Amyl acetate	Copper sulfate		Nickel acetate	Sulfur
Amyl alcohol	Corn oil	Hexaldehyde	Nickel chloride	Sulfur chloride
Amyl borate	Cottonseed oil	Hexane	Nickel sulfate	Sulfuric acid (98%)
Amyl naphthalene	Creosote oil	Hexyl alcohol	Nitric acid (60%)	Sulfurous acid gas
Aniline	Cresol	Hydrobromic acid	Nitrobenzene	Tannic acid
Aniline dye	Cupric chloride	Hydrochloric acid	Nitroethane	Tartaric acid
Animal oil (Lard oil)	Cyclohexane	Hydrocyanic acid	Nitromethane	Terpineol
Aqua regia	Cyclohexanol	Hydrofluoric acid (49%)	Nitropropane	Tetrachloroethane
Arsenic acid	Cyclohexanone (Anon)	Hydrofluoric acid anhydrous	Octyl alcohol	Tetraethyl lead
Asphalt	Dibutyl phthalate	Hydrogen peroxide (30%)	Oxalic acid	Tetrahydrofuran
Barium chloride	Dichlorobenzene	Hydrogen sulfide	Oxygen	Tetralin
Barium hydroxide	Diethyl sebacate	Hydroquinone	Ozone	Thionyl chloride
Barium sulfate	Diethylene glycol	Hypochlorous acid	Palmitic acid	Triacetin
Barium sulfide	Diisopropyl keton	Isobutyl alcohol	Perchlorate	Tributoxy ethyl phosphate
Beer	Dioctyl phthalate	Isooctane	Perchloroethylene	Tributyl phosphate
Beet sugar liquors	Dioctyl sebacate	Isopropyl acetate	Petroleum	Trichloroethylene
Benzaldehyde	Dipentene (Limonene)	Isopropyl alcohol	Phenol	Tricresyl phosphate
Benzine	Diphenyl	Isopropyl ether	Phosphoric acid (75%)	Triethanolamine
Benzene (Benzol)	Diphenyl oxide	Kerosene	Picric acid	Tung oil
Benzyl alcohol	Epichlorohydrin	Lead acetate	Piperidine	Turpentine oil
Benzyl benzoate	Ethanolamine	Lead nitrate	Potassium chloride	Vegetable oil
Benzyl chloride	Ethyl acetate	Lead sulfamate	Potassium dichromate	Vinegar
Borax	Ethyl acetoacetate	Linolenic acid	Potassium hydroxide	Water
Boric acid	Ethyl acrylate	Linseed oil	Potassium nitrate	Whiskey
Bromine	Ethyl alcohol	Liquid ammonia	Potassium permanganate	Xylene
Bunker oil	Ethyl benzene	LPG (Liquefied petroleum gas)	Potassium sulfate	Zeolite
Butane	Ethyl cellulose	Lubricating oil	Propyl acetate	Zinc acetate
Butter	Ethyl chloride	Magnesium chloride	Propyl alcohol	Zinc chloride
Butyl acetate	Ethyl oxalate	Magnesium hydroxide	Propylene	Zinc sulfide
Butyl acrylate	Ethyl silicate	Magnesium sulfate	Pyridine	
Butyl alcohol (Butanol)	Ethylene chlorohydrin	Maleic acid	Pyrrole	

Note 1) "Chemically inert" means - not to cause any chemical reaction.

Note 4) SMC is not responsible for its accuracy and any damage happened because of this data.



Note 2) The data above is based on the information presented by the material manufacturers.

Note 3) The applicable fluid list provides reference values as a guide only, therefore we do not guarantee the application to our product.



Chemical Resistance of Fluoropolymer FEP Material

Chemicals in the list below are chemically inert Note 1) to FEP material, however physical properties may be effected by temperature or pressure change.

Please make sure that operating conditions do not cause problems since the use of FEP tubing under chemical environment is unsecured.

2-nitro-2-methyl propanol	Chloroform	Nitromethane
2-nitrobutanol	Paraffinum liquidum	Perchloroethylene
Pentabasic benzamide	Allyl acetate	Perphloroxylene
N-butylamine	Ethyl acetate	Unsymmetrical dimethylhydrazine
N-octadecanol	Potassium	Hydrazine
N-butyl acetate	Butyl acetate	Pinene
O-cresol	Sodium hypochlorite	Piperidine
Di-isobutyl adipate	Carbon tetrachloride	Glacial acetic acid (Acetic acid)
Acetophenone	Dioxane	Pyridine
Acetone	Cyclohexanone	Phenol
Alniline	Cyclohexane	Phthalic acid
Abietic acid	Dimethyl ether	Dybutyl phthalate
Sulfuric chloride	Dimethylsulfoxide	Dimethyl phthalate
Isooctane	Dimethylformamide	Hydrofluoric acid
Liquid ammonia	Bromine	Naphthalene fluoride
Ethyl alcohol	DI water (Pure water)	Nitrobenzene fluoride
Ethyl ether	Nitric acid	Furan
Ethylene glycol	Mercury	Hexachlorethane
Ethylenediamine	Ammonium hydroxide	Hexane
Zinc chloride	Potassium hydroxide	Ethyl hexanoate
Aluminum chloride	Sodium hydroxide	Phenylcarbinol
Ammonium chloride	Cetane	Benzaldehyde
Calcium chloride	Soap, detergent	Benzonitrile
Sulfuric chloride	Dibutyl sebacate	Borax
Iron chloride (III)	Diethyl carbonate	Boric acid
Benzoyl chloride	Tetrachloroethylene	Formic aldehyde (Formalin)
Magnesium chloride	Tetrahydrofuran	Acrylic anhydride
Hydrochloric acid	Tetrabromoethane	Acetic anhydride
Chlorine (absolute)	Triethanolamine	Methacrylic acid
Aqua regia	Trichloroethylene	Allyl methacrylate
Ozone	Trichloroacetic acid	Vinyl methacrylate
Hydrogen peroxide	Toluene	Methyl alcohol
Natrium peroxide	Naphtha	Methyl ethyl ketone
Gasoline	Naphthalene	Methylene chloride
Permanganate	Naphthol	Sulphuric acid
Formic acid	Lead	Phosphoric acid
Xylene	Carbon dioxide	Iron phosphate (III)
Chromic acid	Nitrogen dioxide	Tri-n-butyl phosphate
Chlorosulfonic acid	Nitrobenzene	Tricresyl phosphate

Note 1) "Chemically inert" means - not to cause any chemical reaction.

Note 2) The data above is based on the information presented by the material manufacturers.

Note 3) The applicable fluid list provides reference values as a guide only, therefore we do not guarantee the application to our product.

Note 4) SMC is not responsible for its accuracy and any damage happened because of this data.

Reference cited: Teflon®, the fluoropolymer handbook, Manual for the chemical applications of Teflon®. Du Pond-Mitsui Fluorochemicals

Teflon® is a registered trademark for the fluoropolymer produced by E.I du Pond de Nemours & Company (Inc.) and Du Pond-Mitsui Fluorochemicals Co., Ltd.

ØSMC

KQ2

KQB2

KM

KF

H/DL L/LL

KC

KK KK130

DM

KDM KB

KR KA

KOG2

KG

KFG2 MS

KKA

KΡ LO

MQR



TL/TIL/TLM/TILM/TH/TIH/TD/TID Series Tubing/Precautions

Be sure to read this before handling the products.

Selection

⚠ Warning

1. Confirm the specifications.

Products represented in this catalog are designed only for use in compressed air systems (including vacuum).

Do not operate at pressures or temperatures, etc., beyond the range of specifications, as this can cause damage or malfunction. (Refer to the specifications.)

2. In case of using the product for medical care

This product is designed for use with compressed air system applications for medical care purposes. Do not use in contact with human bodily fluids, body tissues or transfer applications to a human living body.

⚠ Caution

1. Do not use in locations where the connecting threads and tubing connection will slide or rotate.

The connecting threads and tubing connection will come apart under these conditions.

- Use tubing at or above the minimum bending radius. Using below the minimum bending radius can cause breakage or flattening of the tubing.
- Never use the tubing for anything flammable, explosive or toxic such as gas, fuel gas, or cooling mediums etc.

Because the contents may penetrate outward.

4. Use the fittings applicable to the tubing size.

Mounting

1. Confirm model no., size, etc. before installing.

Check tubing for damage, gouges, cracks, etc.

The fluoropolymer tubing do not have the model number displayed on the product due to the resin material used. If tubing without a model label is mixed with other tubing which also does not have a model label, it is impossible to identify the model. Please avoid mixing the products with other models while it is being used and/or stored.

- When tubing is connected, consider factors such as changes in the tubing length due to pressure, and allow sufficient leeway.
- Do not apply unnecessary forces such as twisting, pulling, moment loads, etc. on fittings or tubing.

This will cause damage to fittings and will crush, burst or release tubing.

Mount so that tubing is not damaged due to tangling and abrasion.

This can cause flattening, bursting or disconnection of tubing, etc.

Piping

.↑ Caution

1. Preparation before piping

Before piping is connected, it should be thoroughly blown out with air (flushing) or washed to remove chips, cutting oil and other debris from inside the pipe. Not allowing chips of the piping thread or the seal material to go in.

Air Supply

.⚠Warning

1. Types of fluid

This product is designed for use with compressed air.

2. In case of excessive condensation

Excessive condensation in a compressed air system may cause pneumatic equipment to malfunction. Installation of an air dryer, water separator before filter is recommended.

3. Drain flushing

If condensation in the drain bowl is not emptied on a regular basis, the bowl will overflow and allow the condensation to enter the compressed air lines. It causes malfunction of pneumatic devices.

if the drain bowl is difficult to check and remove, installation of a drain bowl with an auto drain option is recommended. For compressed air quality, refer to SMC's "Air Cleaning Equipment" catalog.

Operating Environment

- Do not use in locations having an explosive atmosphere.
- Do not operate in locations where vibration or impact occurs.
- In locations near heat sources, block off radiated heat.

Maintenance

⚠ Caution

- Reform periodic inspections to check the following problems and replace tubing, if necessary.
 - 1) Cracks, gouges, wearing, corrosion
 - 2) Air leakage
 - 3) Twists or crushing of tubing
 - 4) Hardening, deterioration, softening of tubing
- 2. Do not repair or patch the replaced tubing or fittings for reuse.
- When using insert or miniature fittings over a long period, some leakage may occur due to age deterioration of the materials. If any leakage is detected, correct the problem by additional tightening.

If tightening becomes ineffective, replace the fittings with a new product immediately.

