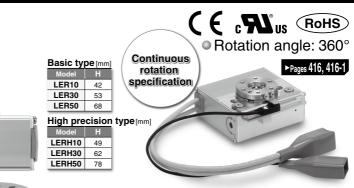
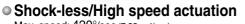
Electric Rotary Table

LER Series

Step Motor (Servo/24 VDC) Low profile т LEB10







Max. speed: 420°/sec (7.33 rad/sec) Max. acceleration/deceleration: 3000°/sec² (52.36 rad/sec²)

Positioning repeatability: ±0.03° (High precision type) Repeatability at the end: ±0.01° (Pushing control/With external stopper)

Rotation angle

1

360°, 320° (310°), 180°, 90° The value indicated in brackets shows the value for the LER10.

Possible to set speed, acceleration/deceleration, and position. Max. 64 points

Energy-saving product

Automatic 40% power reduction after the table has stopped.

Step Motor (Servo/24 VDC) Controller/Driver

Step data input type LECP6 Series

· 64 points positioning Input using controller setting kit or teaching box

♦CC-Link direct input type LECPMJ Series* EtherCAT[®]/EtherNet/IP[™]/ PROFINET/DeviceNet™/ IO-Link direct input type JXCE1/91/P1/D1/L1 Series * Not applicable to CE.

	Programless type LECP1 Series
	 14 points positioning Control panel
4	setting

Size

10

30

50

* Value

Basic

0.22

0.8

ĺ	6.6	10	i	
v	vhen an ex	ternal stop	per is mour	nted.

otating torque [N·m] Max. speed [°/s]

0.32

1.2

Basic

420



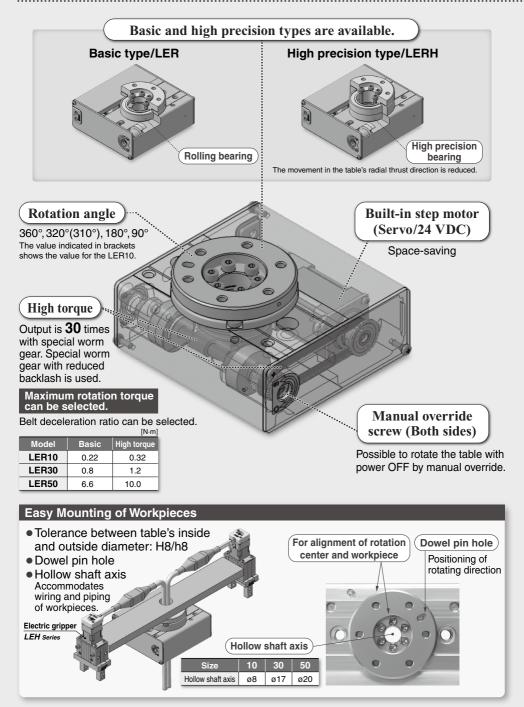
280

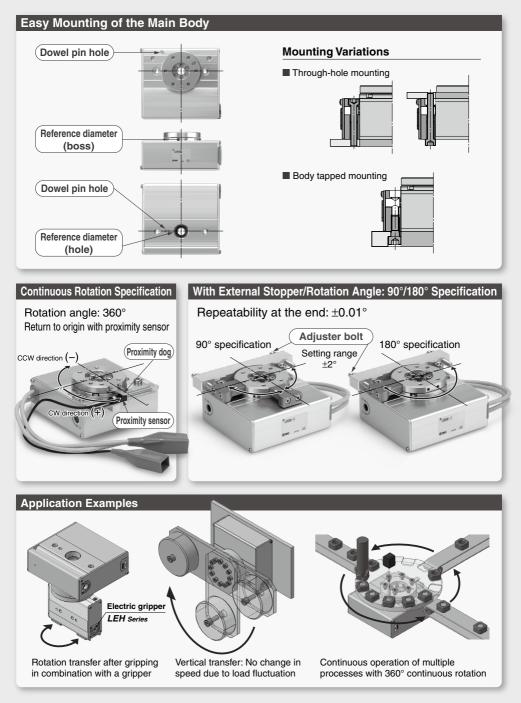


Page

► Page 404

Electric Rotary Table





INDEX

Model Selection Page 404

Step Motor (Servo/24 VDC)

Electric Rotary Table LER Series



How to Order	·Pages 410, 410-1
Specifications	·Page 411
Construction	·Page 412
Dimensions	·Page 413

Step Motor (Servo/24 VDC)

Continuous Rotation Specification Electric Rotary Table LER Series



How to Order	··Pages 416, 416-1
Specifications	··Page 417
Construction	··Page 418
Dimensions	···Page 419
Specific Product Precautions	···Page 422

Step Motor (Servo/24 VDC) Controller



	Step Data Input Type/LECP6 series	·Page 560
	Controller Setting Kit/LEC-W2	·Page 569
	Teaching Box/LEC-T1	··Page 570
	CC-Link Direct Input Type/LECPMJ series	Page 600
	Controller Setting Kit/LEC-W2	·Page 603-2
	Teaching Box/ <i>LEC-T1</i> ······	··Page 603-2
	EtherCAT [®] /EtherNet/IP™/PROFINET/DeviceNet™/IO-Link	
ì	Direct Input Type/JXCE1/91/P1/D1/L1 Series	·Page 603-5
	Controller Setting Kit/LEC-W2	·Page 603-10
	Teaching Box/LEC-T1	··Page 605
	Gateway Unit/LEC-G series	Page 572
ļ	Programless Controller/LECP1 Series	Page 576
	Step Motor Driver/LECPA Series	·Page 590
	Controller Setting Kit/LEC-W2	·Page 597
	Teaching Box/ <i>LEC-T1</i>	··Page 598

4-Axis Step Motor Controller (Servo/24 VDC)

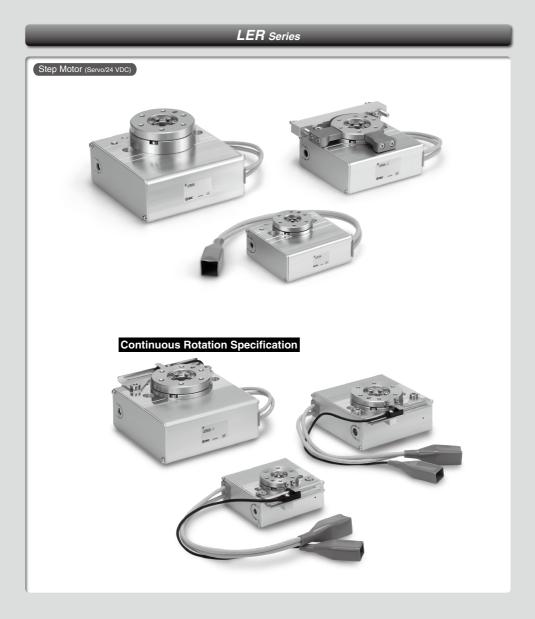


Parallel I/O/JXC73/83 Series	Page 606-1
EtherNet/IP™ Type/ <i>JXC93 series</i> ······	Page 606-1



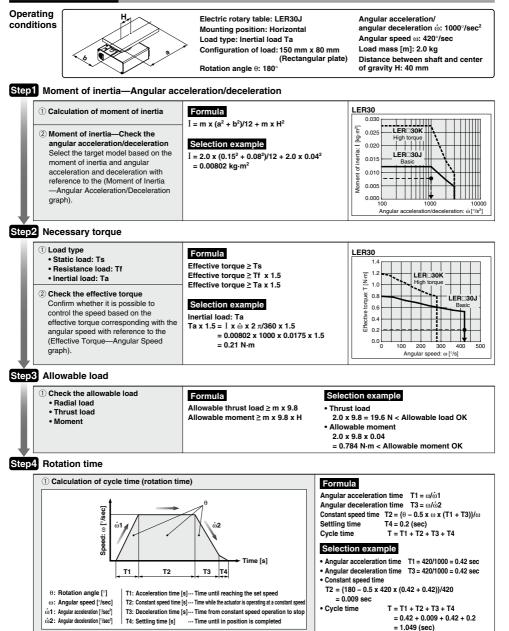
Electric Actuators

Rotary Table



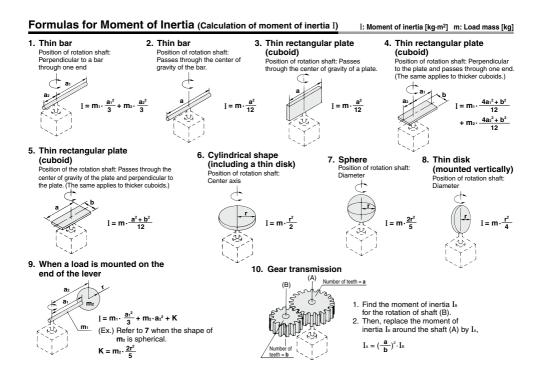


Selection Procedure



∕ SMC





Load Type

	Load typ	e		
Static load: Ts	Resistance load: Tf		Inertial load: Ta	
Only pressing force is necessary. (e.g. for clamping)	Gravity or friction force is applied to rotating direction.		Rotate the load with inertia.	
L F	Gravity is applied. Friction	force is applied.	Center of rotation and center of gravity of the load are concentric.	Rotation shaft is vertical (up and down).
Ts = F·L Ts: Static load [N·m] F : Clamping force [N] L : Distance from the rotation center to the clamping position [m]	Gravity is applied to rotating direction. Friction force is applied to rotating direction. Tf = m·g·L Tf = µ·m·g·L Tf: Resistance load [N·m] m: Load mass [kg] g: Gravitational acceleration 9.8 [m/s²] L Distance from the rotation center to the point of application of the gravity or friction force [m] µ : Friction coefficient		Ta = I · ώ· 2 π/360 (Ta = I · ώ· 0.0175) Ta: Inertial load [N·m] I : Moment of inertia [kg·m²] ώ : Angular acceleration/deceleration [°/sec²] ω : Angular speed [°/sec]	
Necessary torque: T = Ts	Necessary torque: T = Tf >	(1.5 Note 1)	Necessary torque: T = T	a x 1.5 Note 1)
Resistance load: Gravity or friction force is ap Ex. 1) Rotation shaft is horizontal (lateral) and the center of gravity of the load Ex. 2) Load moves by sliding on the floor. * The total of resistance load and ir necessary torque. T = (Tf + Ta) x	and the rotation center Ex. 1) are not concentric. Ex. 2) ertial load is the	Rotation shaft is ver Rotation shaft is hor of gravity of the load Necessary torque	gravity or friction force is applied to tical (up and down). izontal (lateral), and rotation cer a re concentric. is inertial load only. T = Ta x 1.5 o adjust the speed, margin is nece	nter and the center



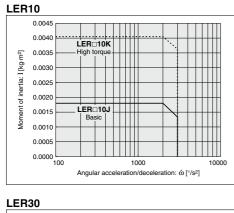
LER Series Step Motor (Servo/24 VDC)

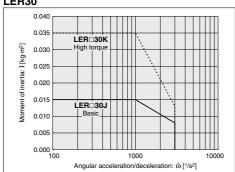
For the LECPA/JXC 3, refer to page 407.

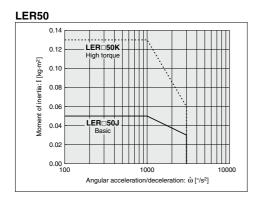
For Step Motor (Servo/24 VDC) LECP6, LECP1, LECPMJ, JXC□1

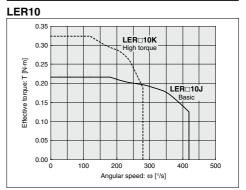
Moment of Inertia—Angular Acceleration/Deceleration

Effective Torque—Angular Speed

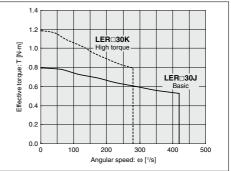




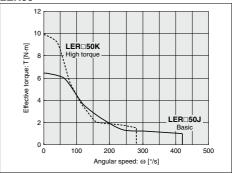




LER30







Step Motor (Servo/24 VDC)

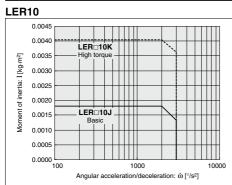
For the LECP6/LECP1/LECPMJ/JXC

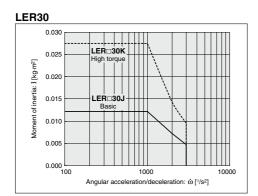
1, refer to page 406.

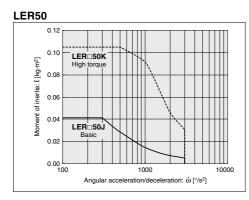
For Step Motor (Servo/24 VDC) LECPA, JXC 3

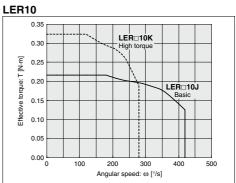
Moment of Inertia—Angular Acceleration/Deceleration



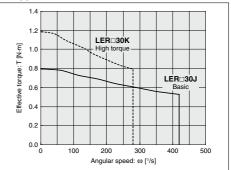




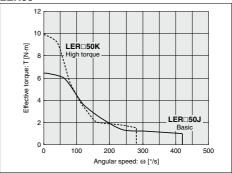




LER30



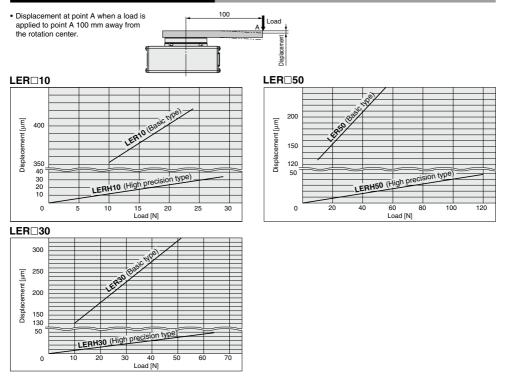




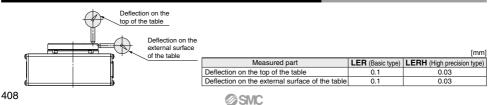
Allowable Load

0.	Allowable radial load [N]		Allowable thrust load [N] (a) (b)		Allowable moment [N·m]		
Size	Basic type	16			High precision type	Basic type	High precision type
10	78	86	74	78	107	2.4	2.9
30	196	233	197	363	398	5.3	6.4
50	314	378	296	398	517	9.7	12.0

Table Displacement (Reference Value)



Deflection Accuracy: Displacement at 180° Rotation (Guide)

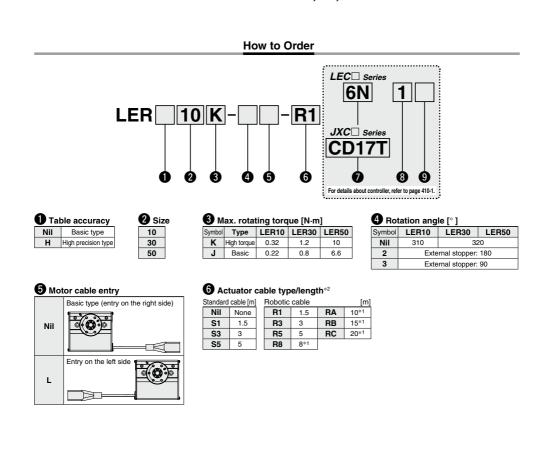




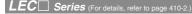
Step Motor (Servo/24 VDC)

Electric Rotary Table LER Series LER10, 30, 50

RoHS



Electric Rotary Table LER Series Step Motor (Servo/24 VDC)



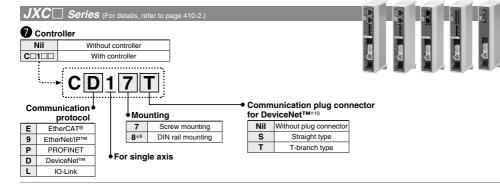


Controller/Driver type*3				
Nil	Without controller/driver			
6N	LECP6	NPN		
6P	(Step data input type)	PNP		
1N	1N LECP1			
1P	(Programless type)	PNP		
MJ	MJ LECPMJ*4 (CC-Link direct input type) AN LECPA*5			
AN				
AP	(Pulse input type)	PNP		

8 I/O cable length ^{*6} , Communication plug				
Nil	Without cable (Without communication plug connector)*8			
1	1.5 m			
3	3 m*7			
5	5 m*7			
S	Straight type communication plug connector*8			
Т	T T-branch type communication plug connector*			

9 Controller/Driver mounting

	Nil	Screw mounting
	D	DIN rail mounting*9



*1 Produced upon receipt of order (Robotic cable only)

*2 The standard cable should only be used on fixed parts.

For use on moving parts, select the robotic cable.

- *3 For details about controller/driver and compatible motor, refer to the compatible controller/driver on the next page.
- *4 Not applicable to CE.
- *5 When pulse signals are open collector, order the current limiting resistor (LEC-PA-R-□) on page 596 separately.
 *6 When "Without controller/driver" is selected for controller/driver types,
- *6 When "Without controller/driver" is selected for controller/driver types, I/O cable cannot be selected. Refer to page 568 (For LECP6), page 582 (For LECP1) or page 596 (For LECPA) if I/O cable is required.

▲Caution

[CE-compliant products]

 EMC compliance was tested by combining the electric actuator LER series and the controller LEC/JXC series.

The EMC depends on the configuration of the customer's control panel and the relationship with other electrical equipment and wiring. Therefore, conformity to the EMC directive cannot be certified for SMC components incorporated into the customer's equipment under actual operating conditions. As a result, it is necessary for the customer to verify conformity to the EMC directive for the machinery and equipment as a whole.

2 CC-Link direct input type (LECPMJ) is not CE-compliant.

[UL-compliant products]

When conformity to UL is required, the electric actuator and controller/ driver should be used with a UL1310 Class 2 power supply.

- *7 When "Pulse input type" is selected for controller/driver types, pulse input usable only with differential. Only 1.5 m cables usable with open collector.
- *8 For the LECPMJ, only "Nil", "S" and "T" are selectable since I/O cable is not included.
- *9 DIN rail is not included. Order it separately.
- *10 Select "Nil" for anything other than DeviceNet™.

The actuator and controller/driver are sold as a package.

Confirm that the combination of the controller/driver and the actuator is correct.

<Check the following before use.>

 Check the actuator label for model number. This matches the controller/driver.

② Check Parallel I/O configuration matches (NPN or PNP).

LER10K-2

1

* Refer to the Operation Manual for using the products. Please download it via our website, https://www.smcworld.com

NP

2



Compatible Controller/Driver

LEC Ser	LEC Series							
Туре	Step data input type	CC-Link direct input type	Programless type	Pulse input type				
Series	LECP6	LECPMJ	LECP1	LECPA				
Features	Value (Step data) input Standard controller	CC-Link direct input	Capable of setting up operation (step data) without using a PC or teaching box	Operation by pulse signals				
Compatible motor	vr Step motor (Servo/24 VDC)							
Maximum number of step data	64 p	oints	14 points	—				
Power supply voltage	24 VDC							
Reference page	Page 560	Page 600	Page 576	Page 590				

JXC Series

Туре	EtherCAT® direct input type	EtherNet/IP™ direct input type	PROFINET direct input type	DeviceNet™ direct input type	IO-Link direct input type
Series	JXCE1	JXC91	JXCP1	JXCD1	JXCL1
Features	EtherCAT® direct input	EtherNet/IP™ direct input	PROFINET direct input	DeviceNet™ direct input	IO-Link direct input
Compatible motor			Step motor (Servo/24 VDC)		
Maximum number of step data			64 points		
Power supply voltage			24 VDC		
Reference page			Page 603-5		

Electric Rotary Table LER Series Step Motor (Servo/24 VDC)

LER 10K LER 10J LER 30K LER 30J LER 50K LER 50J

8

1.2

320

7.5

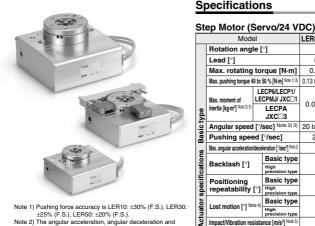
10

12

6.6

12

0.8



- Note 1) Pushing force accuracy is LER10: ±30% (F.S.), LER30: ±25% (F.S.), LER50: ±20% (F.S.).
- Note 2) The angular acceleration, angular deceleration and angular speed may fluctuate due to variations in the moment of inertia

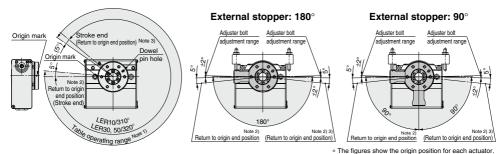
Refer to "Moment of Inertia—Angular Acceleration/ Deceleration, Effective Torque—Angular Speed" graphs on pages 406 and 407 for confirmation.

- Note 3) The speed and force may change depending on the cable length, load and mounting conditions. Furthermore, if the cable length exceeds 5 m, then it will decrease by up to 10% for each 5 m. (At 15 m: Reduced by up to 20%)
- Note 4) A reference value for correcting an error in reciprocal operation.
- Note 5) Impact resistance: No malfunction occurred when the slide table was tested with a drop tester in both an axial direction and a perpendicular direction to the lead screw. (Test was performed with the actuator in the initial state.) Vibration resistance: No malfunction occurred in a test

ranging between 45 to 2000 Hz. Test was performed in both an axial direction and a perpendicular direction to the lead screw. (Test was performed with the actuator in the initial state.)

- Note 6) The power consumption (including the controller) is for when the actuator is operating.
- Note 7) The standby power consumption when operating (including the controller) is for when the actuator is stopped in the set position during operation.
- Note 8) The maximum instantaneous power consumption (including the controller) is for when the actuator is operating. This value can be used for the selection of the power supply.

Table Rotation Angle Range



WI Note R

Model

Max. rotating torque [N·m]

Rotation angle [°]

Lead [°]

Note 1) Range within which the table can move when it returns to origin.

Make sure a workpiece mounted on the table does not interfere with the workpieces and facilities around the table.

stopper type

External

specifications

Electric Max inst

Note 2) Position after return to origin. The position varies depending on whether there is an external stopper.

Note 3) [] for when the direction of return to origin has changed.

l	max. pusi	ing torque 4	0 10 1	10 /6 [14111] ·····	0.13 10 0.10 0.03 10 0.11 0.40 10 0.00 0.32 10 0.40 4.0 10 3.0 2.0 10 3.				2.0 10 0.0	
	Мах. топ			CP6/LECP1/ CPMJ/ JXC□1	0.0040	0.0010	0.035	0.015	0.13	0.05
2 ha	inertia [kg·m²] Note 2) 3)			LECPA JXC□3	0.0040	0.0018	0.027	0.012	0.10	0.04
5	Angular speed [°/sec] Note 2) 3)		20 to 280	30 to 420	20 to 280	30 to 420	20 to 280	30 to 420		
	Pushing speed [°/sec]		20	30	20	30	20	30		
- [Max. angular acceleration/deceleration [°/sec ²] Note 2					30	00			
5	Backlash [°]		Basic type		±0.3		±C	.2		
5				High precision type	1 10			±C	0.1	
5		ioning		Basic type	10	05		±0.	.05	
	repea	tability	[°]	High precision type	±0.	.05		±0.	.03	
	Loctm	otion [°] ^{No}	(e.4)	Basic type	0.3 o	r looo		0.3 o	r less	
	LUSTING		,	High precision type	0.3 0	1 1855		0.2 o	r less	
2	Impact/V	ibration res	sista	nce [m/s²] Note 5)			150	/30		
	Actuation type					Spec	cial worm g	ear + Belt	drive	
	Max. op	perating f	requ	iency [c.p.m]			6	0		
	Operating temp. range [°C]			range [°C]	5 to 40					
	Operat	ing humic	dity	range [%RH]	90 or less (No condensation)					
	Weight [kg] Basic type High precision type			0.49		1.	.1	2	.2	
			precision type	0.52 1.2 2.4					.4	
	Detet			-2/ arm (1 pc.)	180					
24	[°]	ion ang	ie	-3/						
				arm (2 pcs.)	90					
andhai		tability a xternal s		he end [°]/ per	±0.01					
	Externa	al stopper	set	ting range [°]			±	2		
3		-2/extern		Basic type	0.	55	1.	.2	2	.5
	Weight	arm (1 p	c.)	High precision type	0.	61	1.	.4	2.7	
1	[kg]	-3/extern		Basic type	0.	57	1.2		2	.6
		arm (1 p	c.)	High precision type	0.	63	1.4		2	.8
	Motor	size				20		28		42
	Motor	type					ep motor (S			
	Enco	der				Incrementa		<u>``</u>	se/rotation)	
ŝ		r supply				_	24 VD0		[
ž				on [W] Note 6)	1		2		-	4
5	Standby power consumption when operating [W] Note 7)		7	7	1	2	1	3		

14

42

57

310

12

0.22

Max. pushing torque 40 to 50 % [N·m] Note 1) 3) 0.13 to 0.16 0.09 to 0.11 0.48 to 0.60 0.32 to 0.40 4.0 to 5.0 2.6 to 3.3

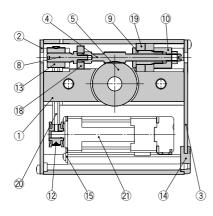
8

0.32

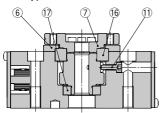
@SMC



Construction



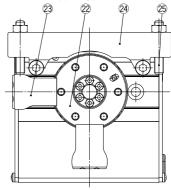
Basic type



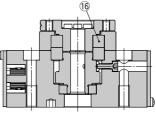
Component Parts

COI	omponent Parts						
No.	Des	cription	Material	Note			
1	Body		Aluminum alloy	Anodized			
2	Side plate A		Aluminum alloy	Anodized			
3	Side plate B		Aluminum alloy	Anodized			
4	Worm scre	w	Stainless steel	Heat treated + Specially treated			
5	Worm whe	el	Stainless steel	Heat treated + Specially treated			
6	Bearing co	ver	Aluminum alloy	Anodized			
7	Table		Aluminum alloy				
8	Joint		Stainless steel				
9	Bearing ho	lder	Aluminum alloy				
10	Bearing stopper		Aluminum alloy				
11	Origin bolt		Carbon steel				
12	Pulley A		Aluminum alloy				
13	Pulley B		Aluminum alloy				
14	Grommet		NBR				
15	Motor plate		Carbon steel				
16	Basic type High precision type	Deep groove ball bearing Special ball bearing	_				
17		e ball bearing	—				
18	Deep groov	e ball bearing	_				
19	Deep groov	e ball bearing	_				
20	Belt		_				
21	Step motor	(Servo/24 VDC)	_				

External stopper type



High precision type

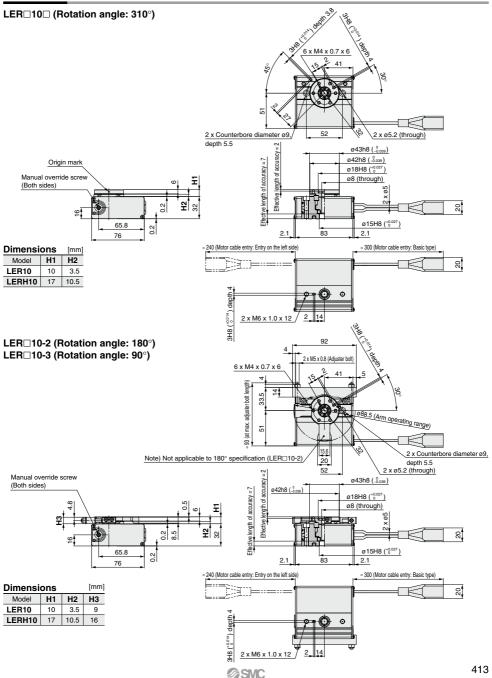


Component Parts

No.	Description	Material	Note					
22 Table		Aluminum alloy	Anodized					
23	Arm	Carbon steel	Heat treated + Electroless nickel treated					
24	Holder	Aluminum alloy	Anodized					
25	Adjuster bolt	Carbon steel	Heat treated + Chromate treated					
-								

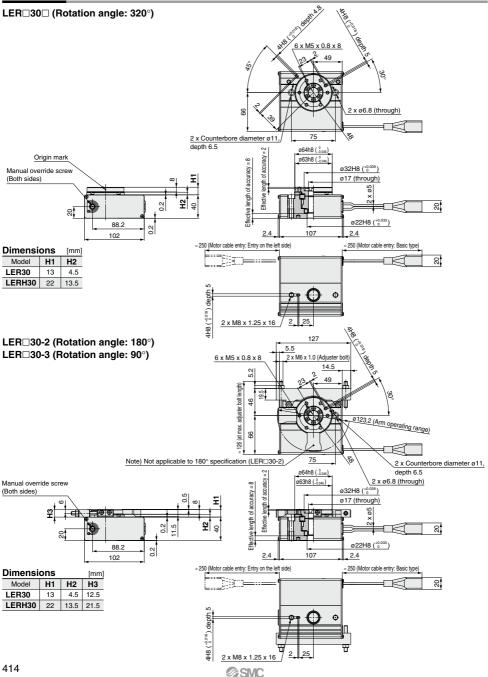
Electric Rotary Table LER Series Step Motor (Servo/24 VDC)

Dimensions



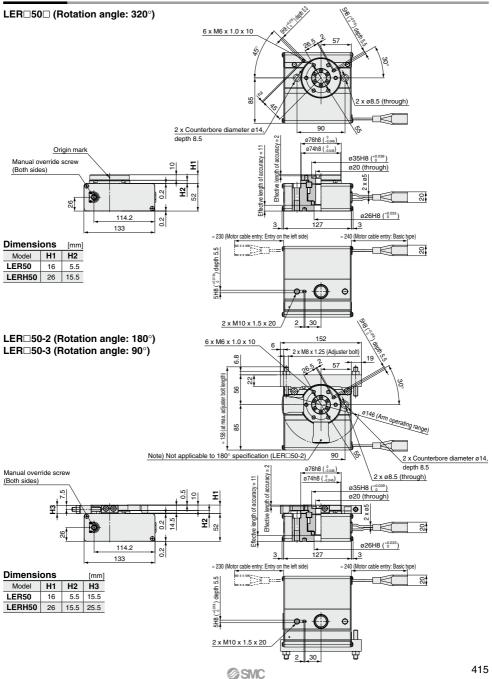
LER Series Step Motor (Servo/24 VDC)

Dimensions



Electric Rotary Table LER Series Step Motor (Servo/24 VDC)

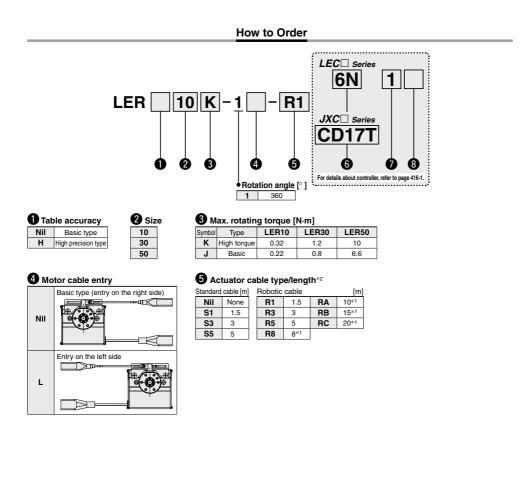
Dimensions



Step Motor (Servo/24 VDC)

Continuous Rotation Specification Electric Rotary Table LER Series LER10, 30, 50

RoHS









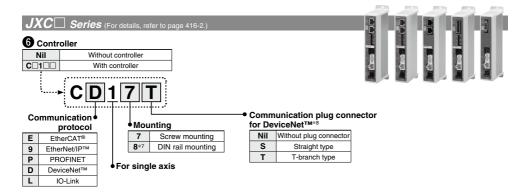
6 Co	ntroller type*3	
AU1		

MJ	LECPMJ ^{*4} (CC-Link direct input type)	—		
6P	(Step data input type)			
6N	LECP6	NPN		
NII	Without controller			

I/O cable length*5, Communication plug					
Nil	Without cable (Without communication plug connector)*6				
1	1.5 m				
3	3 m				
5	5 m				
S	Straight type communication plug connector*6				
Т	T-branch type communication plug connector*6				

8 Controller mounting

Nil	Screw mounting
D	DIN rail mounting*7



*1 Produced upon receipt of order (Robotic cable only)

*2 The standard cable should only be used on fixed parts.

For use on moving parts, select the robotic cable.

- *3 For details about controller and compatible motor, refer to the compatible controller on the next page.
- *4 Not applicable to CE. *5 When "Without controller" is selected for controller types, I/O cable length cannot be selected. Refer to page 568 (For LECP6) if I/O cable is required.

▲Caution

[CE-compliant products]

① EMC compliance was tested by combining the electric actuator LER series and the controller LEC/JXC series.

The EMC depends on the configuration of the customer's control panel and the relationship with other electrical equipment and wiring. Therefore, conformity to the EMC directive cannot be certified for SMC components incorporated into the customer's equipment under actual operating conditions. As a result, it is necessary for the customer to verify conformity to the EMC directive for the machinery and equipment as a whole.

2 CC-Link direct input type (LECPMJ) is not CE-compliant.

[UL-compliant products]

When conformity to UL is required, the electric actuator and controller/ driver should be used with a UL1310 Class 2 power supply.

- *6 For the LECPMJ, only "Nil", "S" and "T" are selectable since I/O cable is not included.
- *7 DIN rail is not included. Order it separately.
- *8 Select "Nil" for anything other than DeviceNet™.



Confirm that the combination of the controller/driver and the actuator is correct.

<Check the following before use.>

(1) Check the actuator label for model number. This matches the controller/driver.

2 Check Parallel I/O configuration matches (NPN ----or PNP).

.ER10K-1

2

NPI

* Refer to the Operation Manual for using the products. Please download it via our website, https://www.smcworld.com



Compatible Controller

LEC Ser	LEC Series					
Туре	Step data input type	Cc-Link direct input type				
Series	LECP6	LECPMJ				
Features	Value (Step data) input/ Standard controller	CC-Link direct input				
Compatible motor	Compatible motor (Servo/24 VDC)					
Maximum number of step data	64 p	oints				
Power supply voltage	24	VDC				
Reference page	Page 560	Page 600				

JXC Series

Туре	EtherCAT® direct input type	EtherNet/IPTM direct input type	PROFINET direct input type	DeviceNet TM direct input type	IO-Link direct input type	
Series	JXCE1	JXC91	JXCP1	JXCD1	JXCL1	
Features	EtherCAT® direct input	EtherNet/IP™ direct input	PROFINET direct input	DeviceNet™ direct input	IO-Link direct input	
Compatible motor			Step motor (Servo/24 VDC)			
Maximum number of step data			64 points			
Power supply voltage		24 VDC				
Reference page			Page 603-5			



Specifications

Step Motor (Servo/24 VDC)

	· ·							
		odel	LER 10K	LER 10J	LER 30K		LER_50K	LÉR 50J
	Rotation angl		360					
		range [°] Note 9)	±2000000					
	Max. rotating torque [N·m]		0.32	0.22	1.2	0.8	10	6.6
			0.13 to 0.16		0.48 to 0.60		4.0 to 5.0	
	Max. moment of inertia [kg·m ²] Note 2) Note 3)		0.0040	0.0018	0.035	0.015	0.13	0.05
	Angular speed [°/sec] Note 2) Note 3)		20 to 280		20 to 280			30 to 420
ns	Pushing spee		20	30	20	30	20	30
ctuator specifications	Max. angular accelerati	on/deceleration [°/sec ²] Note 2)			30			
ica	Backlash [°]	Basic type	+0	.3).2	
<u>ci</u>		High precision type).1	
ğ	Positioning	Basic type	+0	.05			.05	
5		High precision type	10.05		±0.03			
late	Lost motion	Basic type	0.3 or less		0.3 or less			
ਚ	[°] Note 4) High precision type				0.2 or less			
Ā		resistance [m/s ²] Note 5)	150/30					
	Actuation typ		Special worm gear + Belt drive					
		frequency [c.p.m]						
		perature range [°C]	5 to 40					
	Operating hun	nidity range [%RH]	90 or less (No condensation)					
	Weight [kg]	Neight [kg] Basic type		51 1.2		2.3		
	0 . 0,	High precision type		0.55 1.3		2.5		
s	Motor size			20		28		42
Electric specifications	Motor type		Step motor (Servo/24 VDC)					
g	Encoder		Incremental A/B phase (800 pulse/rotation)					
cif		return to origin)/Input circuit						
be	Proximity sensor (for							
cs	Power supply			24 VD0				
it.		mption [W] Note 6)	1			2	-	4
e		ption when operating [W] Note 7)		7		2		3
ш	Max. instantaneous	power consumption Note 8)	1	4	4	2	5	7

Note 1) Pushing force accuracy is LER10: ±30% (F.S.), LER30: ±25% (F.S.), LER50: ±20% (F.S.). Note 2) The angular acceleration, angular deceleration and angular speed may fluctuate due to variations in the moment of inertia. Refer to "Moment of Inertia—Angular Acceleration"

- Deceleration, Effective Torque—Angular Speed" graphs on pages 406 and 407 for confirmation. Note 3) The speed and force may change depending on the cable length, load and mounting conditions. Furthermore, if the cable length exceeds 5 m, then it will decrease by up to 10% for each 5 m. (At 15 m: Reduced by up to 20%)
- Note 4) A reference value for correcting an error in reciprocal operation.
- Note 5) Impact resistance: No malfunction occurred when the slide table was tested with a drop tester in both an axial direction and a perpendicular direction to the lead screw. (Test was performed with the actuator in the initial state.)

Vibration resistance: No malfunction occurred in a test ranging between 45 to 2000 Hz. Test was performed in both an axial direction and a perpendicular direction to the lead screw. (Test was performed with the actuator in the initial state.)

- Note 6) The power consumption (including the controller) is for when the actuator is operating.
- Note 7) The standby power consumption when operating (including the controller) is for when the actuator is stopped in the set position during operation.
- Note 8) The maximum instantaneous power consumption (including the controller) is for when the actuator is operating. This value can be used for the selection of the power supply. Note 9) The angle displayed on the monitor is automatically reset to 0° every 360°.
- To set an angle (position), use the "Relative" movement mode.

If an angle of 360° or more is set using the "Absolute" movement mode, the correct operation cannot be performed.

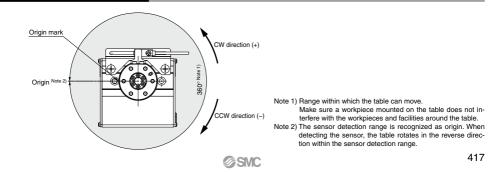
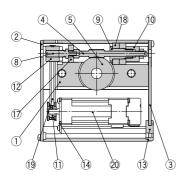
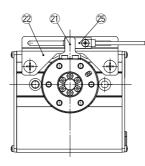
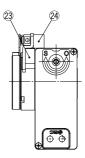


Table Rotation Angle Range

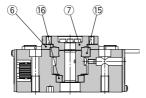
Construction







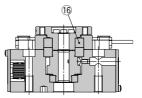
Basic type



Component Parts

00	component Parts						
No.	Desc	ription	Material	Note			
1	Body		Aluminum alloy	Anodized			
2	Side plate A		Aluminum alloy	Anodized			
3	Side plate B		Aluminum alloy	Anodized			
4	Worm screw		Stainless steel	Heat treated + Specially treated			
5	Worm wheel		Stainless steel	Heat treated + Specially treated			
6	Bearing cove	r	Aluminum alloy	Anodized			
7	Table		Aluminum alloy				
8	Joint		Stainless steel				
9	Bearing holde	er	Aluminum alloy				
10	Bearing stop	per	Aluminum alloy				
11	Pulley A	Pulley A					
12	Pulley B		Aluminum alloy				
13	Grommet		NBR				
14	Motor plate		Carbon steel				
15	Basic type	Deep groove ball bearing					
15	High precision type	Special ball bearing	_				
16	Deep groove ball bearing		_				
17	Deep groove	ball bearing	_				
18	Deep groove ball bearing		_				
19	Belt		_				
20	Step motor (S	Servo/24 VDC)	_				

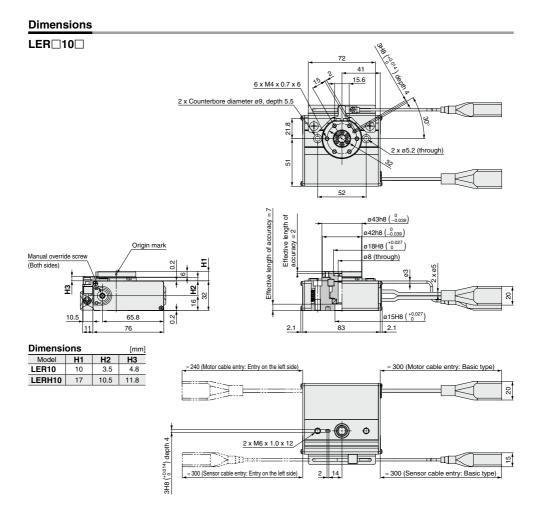
High precision type



Component Parts (360° type)

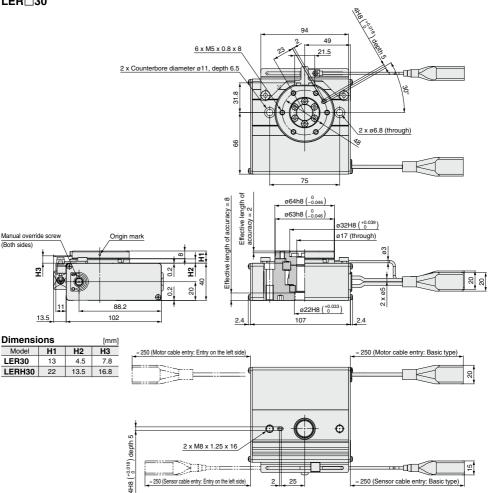
No.	Description	Material	Note		
21	Proximity dog	Stainless steel			
22	Sensor holder	Carbon steel	Chromate treated		
23	Sensor holder spacer	Aluminum alloy	Anodized (High precision type can be used only)		
24	Square nut	Aluminum alloy			
25	Proximity sensor assembly	_			





Dimensions

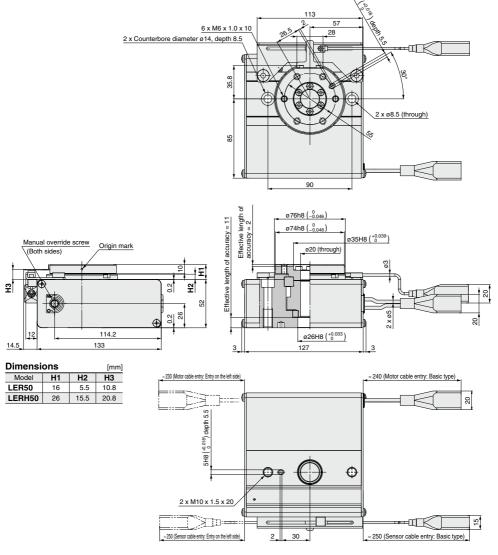
LER 30





Dimensions

LER 50





LER Series Electric Rotary Table/ Specific Product Precautions 1

Be sure to read this before handling the products. Refer to back page 50 for Safety Instructions and pages 3 to 8 for Electric Actuator Precautions.

Design/Selection

MWarning

- If the operating conditions involve load fluctuations, ascending/descending movements, or changes in the frictional resistance, ensure that safety measures are in place to prevent injury to the operator or damage to the equipment.
 Failure to provide such measures could accelerate the operation speed, which may be hazardous to humans, machinery, and other equipment.
- 2. Power failure may result in a decrease in the pushing force; ensure that safety measures are in place to prevent injury to the operator or damage to the equipment. When the product is used for clamping, the clamping force could be decreased due to power failure, potentially creating a hazardous situation in which the workpiece is released.

≜Caution

- If the operating speed is set too fast and the moment of inertia is too large, the product could be damaged. Set appropriate product operating conditions in accordance with the model selection procedure.
- 2. If more precise repeatability of the rotation angle is required, use the product with an external stopper, with repeatability of ±0.01° (180° and 90° with adjustment of ±2°) or by directly stopping the workpiece using an external object utilizing the pushing operation.
- 3. When using the electric rotary table with an external stopper, or by directly stopping the load externally, be sure to set to [Pushing operation].

Also, ensure that the workpiece is not impacted externally during the positioning operation or in the range of positioning operation.

Mounting

Warning

1. Do not drop or hit the electric rotary table to avoid scratching and denting the mounting surfaces.

Even slight deformation can cause the deterioration of accuracy and operation failure.

2. When mounting the load, tighten the mounting screws within the specified torque range.

Tightening the screws with a higher torque than recommended may cause malfunction, whilst the tightening with a lower torque can cause the displacement of the mounting position.

Mounting the workpiece to the electric rotary table

The load should be mounted with the torque specified in the following table by screwing the screw into the mounting female thread. If long screws are used, they can interfere with the body and cause a malfunction.

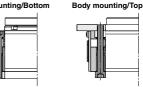
Model	Screw size	Thread length [mm]	Max. tightening torque [N·m]
LER 10	M4 x 0.7	6	1.4
LER 30	M5 x 0.8	8	3.0
LER 50	M6 x 1	10	5.0

cause the displacement of the mounting position.

3. When mounting the electric rotary table, tighten the mounting screws within the specified torque range. Tightening the screws with a higher torque than recommended may cause malfunction, whilst the tightening with a lower torque can Mounting

Marning Through-hole mounting

Body mounting/Bottom



Model	Screw size	Max. tightening torque [N·m]
LERD10	M5 x 0.8	3.0
LER 30	M6 x 1	5.0
LER 50	M8 x 1.25	12.0

Body tapped mounting

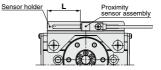


Model	Screw size	Max. tightening torque [N·m]	Max. screw-in depth [mm]
LERD10	M6 x 1	5.0	12
LER 30	M8 x 1.25	12.0	16
LER 50	M10 x 1.5	25.0	20

- The mounting face has holes and slots for positioning. Use them for accurate positioning of the electric rotary table if required.
- 5. If it is necessary to operate the electric rotary table when it is not energized, use the manual override screws. When it is necessary to operate the product by the manual override

screws, check the position of the manual override screws of the product, and leave necessary space. Do not apply excessive torque to the manual override screws. This may lead to damage and malfunction.

6. The 360° type proximity sensor for return to origin can be changed ±30°. When changing the position of the proximity sensor for return to origin, tighten the screws with a tightening torque of 0.6±0.1 [N·m].



SMC

Model	L [mm] (Initial setting) Cable entry: Basic type/Entry on the left side (Between the sensor holder end face and proximity sensor end face)
LER[]10-1	31/31
LER[]30-1	42/42
LER[50-1	51.5/51.5



LER Series Electric Rotary Table/ Specific Product Precautions 2

Be sure to read this before handling the products. Refer to back page 50 for Safety Instructions and pages 3 to 8 for Electric Actuator Precautions.

Handling

∆Caution

- 1. When an external guide is used, connect it in such a way that no impact or load is applied to it. Use a free moving connector (such as a coupling).
- The moving force should be the initial value (100%). If the moving force is set below the initial value, there may be variation in the cycle time, or an alarm may be generated.

3. INP output signal

1) Positioning operation

When the product comes within the set range by step data [In position], the INP output signal will turn on. Initial value: Set to [0.50] or higher.

2) Pushing operation

When the effective force exceeds the [Trigger LV] value (including force during operation), the INP output signal will turn on.

The [Trigger LV] should be set between 40% and [Pushing force].

- a) To ensure that the clamping and external stop is achieved by [Pushing force], it is recommended that the [Trigger LV] be set to the same value as the [Pushing force].
- b) When the [Trigger LV] and [Pushing force] are set to be less than the lower limit of the specified range, there is the possibility that the INP output signal will be switched on from the pushing operation start position.
- < Pushing force and trigger LV range >

Model	Set value of pushing force [%]	Set value of Trigger LV [%]
LER	40 to 50	40 to 50

4. When using the electric rotary table with an external stopper, or by directly stopping the load externally, be sure to set to [Pushing operation].

Also, ensure that the workpiece is not impacted externally during the positioning operation or in the range of positioning operation.

If the product is used in the positioning operation mode, there may be galling or other problems when the product/workpiece comes into contact with the external stopper or external object.

5. When the table is stopped by the pushing operation mode (stopping/clamping), set the product to a position of at least 1° away from the workpiece. (This position is referred to as the pushing start position.) If the pushing start position (stopping or clamping) is set to the error evidence of the automatic the receipting the full pushed.

same position as the external stop position, the following alarms may be generated and operation may become unstable.

- "Posn failed" alarm is generated. It is not possible to reach the pushing start position within the target time.
- b. "Pushing ALM" alarm is generated. The product is pushed back from a pushing start position after starting to push.
- c. "Deviation over flow" alarm is generated. Displacement exceeding the specified value is generated at the pushing start position.
- 6. There is no backlash effect when the product is stopped externally by pushing operation. For the return to origin, the origin position is set by the pushing operation.

Handling

▲Caution

7. For the specification with an external stopper, an angle adjustment bolt is provided as standard.

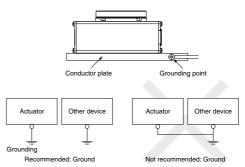
The rotation angle adjustment range is $\pm 2^\circ$ from the angle rotation end.

If the angle adjustment range is exceeded, the rotation angle may change due to insufficient strength of the external stopper. One revolution of the adjustment bolt is approximately equal to 1° of rotation.

- In case that gravity is added to the workpiece along the rotation direction when product is mounted vertically, the workpiece may fall down when "SVON" signal is OFF or EMG is not energizing.
- 9. When mounting the product, keep a 40 mm or longer diameter for bends in the motor cable.

10. Grounding method of the actuator.

- 1. The cross-sectional area of this wire shall be a minimum of 2 mm^2 .
- 2. Avoid common grounding with other devices.



11. The 360° type proximity sensor for return to origin responds when it approaches anything made of metal. For this reason, be sure to keep metal objects other than the proximity dog away from the sensor during return to origin.

Recommended distance: 8 mm or more

Maintenance

\land Danger

1. The high precision type bearing is assembled by pressing into position. It is not possible to disassemble it.

